The Sydney Morning Herald.

"IN MODERATION PLACING ALL MY GLORY, WHILE TORIES CALL ME WHIG—AND WHIGS A TORY."

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Sydney, Fifteen Shillings per Quarter. Single Numbers, Sixpence. Country, Seventeen Shillings and Sixpence per Quarter. Ten per cent. discount for payment in advance, and ten per cent. added if accounts are allowed to run over six months.

VOL. XV. THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1843. No. 1818.

CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.
For one inch and under, Two Shillings and Sixpence, and One Shilling for every additional inch, for each insertion.

The only persons authorised to receive Moneys and Communications on account of the "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *(except at the Office of Publication, Lower George-street, Sydney) are* MR. JOHN HARRIS, *Collector, Sydney;* MR. JOSEPH HUNT, *Balmain;* MR. JOHN LISCOMBE, *Bathurst;* MR. LABAN WHITE, *Windsor;* MR. HUGH TAYLOR, *Parramatta* MR. A. W. LARYMORE, *Maitland and Wollombi;* MR. D. L. SPILLANE, *Campbelltown;* MR. JOHN COLEMAN, *Penrith;* MR. R. DAVISON, *Wollongong;* MR. ROBERT CRAIG, *Cabinetmaker, Goulburn;* MR. JOHN M'KINLAY, *Postmaster, Cassilis;* MR. JOHN GRAY, *Queanbeyan;* MR. ARTHUR BROWN, *Deputy Postmaster, Singleton and Jerry's Plains;* MR. WILLIAM PRITCHARD, *Deputy Postmaster, Liverpool;* MR. JOHN M'KEE, *Berrima;* MR. WILLIAM BARNARD RHODES, *Wellington, for Port Nicholson and Cook's Straits, New Zealand; who are provided with Printed Receipts, with the written signatures of* "KEMP AND FAIRFAX," *who hereby give Notice that no other will be acknowledged for debts accruing from January 1, 1841.*

The "SYDNEY MORNING HERALD" *is Published every Morning (Sunday excepted), and the Quarters end the 31st March, 30th June, 30th September, and 31st December; at which periods* ONLY *can Subscribers decline by giving Notice and paying the amount due to the end of the Current Quarter.* ADVERTISEMENTS *must specify on the face of them the number of times they are intended to be inserted, or they will be continued till countermanded, and charged to the party. No Advertisements can be withdrawn after Eleven o'clock, a.m., but new ones will be received until Nine o'clock in the Evening. No verbal communications can be attended to, and all letters must be post paid, or they will not be taken in.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE Subscribers to this Paper, and the Public generally, are respectfully informed, that in future the following Rules will be strictly adhered to:—

In Sydney.—No new Subscribers will be received without *one quarter* being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being 13s. 6d. per quarter.

In the Country.—No new Subscribers will be received without *half-a-year* being paid in advance, for which ten per cent. will be allowed; the subscription in advance being £1 11s. 6d. per half year; and the Proprietors must be furnished to the time with a written undertaking that all future payments, both for subscription and charges of advertisements, shall be made in Sydney, or by the hands of an Agent.

In all cases, whether in Town or Country, the names of persons will be struck off the subscription list, when the arrears against them have stood over twelve months, and proceedings for recovering the amount due will be instituted.

No Advertisements will be received from persons who are not Subscribers without payment in advance, either by remittance or an order upon some responsible individual in Sydney.

In all cases of Insolvency, when the party is a Subscriber to this Journal, the name is at once erased from the Subscribers' Book; and if he wish to take the paper in future, he must comply with the rule affecting new Subscribers, and pay in advance.

KEMP AND FAIRFAX.
Lower George-street.

"SEAHORSE," STEAM SHIP.

Steam communication between Sydney, Twofold Bay, Van Diemen's Land, and Port Phillip.

THE STEAM SHIP *SEAHORSE*, will leave Sydney for the town of Launceston and for Port Phillip, on Wednesday evening, the 29th March, at 6 o'clock P.M. For Hobart Town on Wednesday, the 19th April, at six o'clock P.M.

	£	s.	d.
Cabin fare	19	0	0
Steerage	4	0	0

Freight to Port Phillip 45s. per ton
Launceston .... 30s ditto
Hobart Town .. 30s ditto

Bills of lading must be on the usual steam-ship form, which can be had at any stationers.

For the convenience of the inhabitants of the Maneroo district, the *Seahorse* will call at the Township of Boyd, Twofold Bay, both ways—going and returning.

	£	s.	d.
Cabin fare	2	0	0
Steerage	1	0	0

Further information obtained on application to
BOYD AND CO.,
Unwin's buildings, Custom-house.
March 13. 3816

FOR LAUNCESTON.

THE superior fast-sailing cutter *THOMPSON*, under an experienced and able Master, will positively sail for the above Port on the 17th instant. For freight or passage, apply to the Master, on board, or to
H. JOHNSON,
Corner of George and Market streets.
March 8. 3531

FOR ADELAIDE, SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

THE regular fast-sailing Packet Brig *DORSET*, D. Walsh Master, having a considerable quantity of freight already engaged, will sail for the above port on TUESDAY next, the 21st instant. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, at the Circular Wharf, or to V. AND E. SOLOMON, South Australian Packet Office, Liverpool Wharf, near the Queen's Wharf.
Sydney, March 15. 3880

FOR THE BAY OF ISLANDS AND AUCKLAND.
HOURLY EXPECTED.

THE fine brig *TOBAGO*, A1, 136 tons, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will meet with immediate despatch.
For freight or passage apply to
J. B. METCALFE.
March 13. 3719

FOR PORT NICHOLSON DIRECT.
(Intended as a regular trader.)

THE PACKET SCHOONER *LADY LEIGH*, 109 tons, Captain Munn, will commence loading after discharging her inward cargo, and meet with immediate dispatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to Mr. Wood, Jamison-street, or to
J. B. METCALFE,
Agent.
March 9. 3568

FOR AUCKLAND AND PORT NICHOLSON.

A regular Trader—To sail 19th instant.

THE fast sailing first class schooner *HANNAH*, Robert Bell, master. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board the vessel, to Captain Bell, at Milne's Wharf; to
JOHN JONES,
Miller's Point; or to
JOSEPH S. WILLIS,
2553 Church Hill.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS FOR PORT NICHOLSON AND VALPARAISO.

THE FINE BARQUE *NAVARINO*, A. 1., 463 tons, C. A. Werming, Commander, will positively sail for the above ports on Saturday, the 18th inst. Apply to the Captain, on board, or to
J. B. METCALFE,
Agent.
March 14. 3812

FOR PORT ESSINGTON AND SOURABAYA.

THE fine fast-sailing Barque *WILLIAM*, 277 tons register, N. Le Bair, commander, under engagement to government to sail on the 20th instant. For freight or steerage passage only, apply to the Captain, on board, at the Commissariat Wharf, or, to
RAMSAY, YOUNG, AND CO.
Hunter-street, March 13. 3803

FOR MADRAS AND CALCUTTA.

THE fine British-built barque *DUCHESS of KENT*, 360 tons O. M., C. Brittan, Esq., commander, will leave Sydney for the above ports in ten days or a fortnight. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, off the Market Wharf, or to
H. T. SHELDON.
Sydney, March 1. 319

NOTICE.—THE BRIG *CAROLINE*,

for London, having all her cargo engaged, *will sail immediately*. There is room for a few steerage passengers at £25 each; also, one cabin disengaged. Apply to Isaac Simmons only, at the City Auction Mart. 2840

FOR LONDON.

For cabin passengers only, to sail on the 19th.

THE FIRST-CLASS SHIP *DUKE OF MANCHESTER*, W. S. Murray, commander. Has superior accommodations. For passage apply to the captain on board, or to
A. E. SPARK.

N.B. Parties having accounts against this ship to render them without delay.
March 11. 3760

FOR LONDON DIRECT.
TO SAIL ON THE 25TH INSTANT.

THE FINE BARQUE *CLYDESIDE*, A 1, 233 tons, Alfred Adams, commander, has only one hundred bales of wool disengaged. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, both CABIN and STEERAGE, immediate application is necessary, to the Captain, on board, or to
J. B. METCALFE.
March 9. 3566

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

Under engagement to sail on the 1st of April, full, or not full.

THE FINE BARQUE *EARL OF DURHAM*, A. 1., 400 tons, Robert Tindall, Commander. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations for CABIN, INTERMEDIATE, and STEERAGE passengers, immediate application is necessary to the Captain, on board, to
A. GORE, or to
J. B. METCALFE.
March 14. 3813

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

Being the first of a SERIES OF LINERS intended to run regularly between Sydney and London.

THE fine new, first-class fast-sailing, clipper-built, barque *ANNA ROBERTSON*, 450 tons burthen, George Hutchinson, R.N., commander, now lying at Campbell's Wharf, will sail early in May, weather permitting, having one-third of her cargo positively engaged, will be despatched with the most rigid punctuality.

☞ Has beautiful accommodation for passengers and is noted for the comfort and liberality of her table.

WILL CARRY A SURGEON.

For freight or passage apply to the Commander on board, to
RAMSAY, YOUNG, AND CO.,
Hunter-street; or,
STUBBS AND ROBERTSON,
3846 King-street.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine frigate-built ship *ST. GEORGE*, 605 tons register, James Norie, commander. This splendid ship made the quickest passage of the season; has first-rate accommodation for cabin, intermediate, and steerage passengers, and carries a surgeon. She will positively sail by the 20th April. For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board, or to
GRIFFITHS, GORE, AND CO.,
Bent-street.
Sydney, February 3. 1834

FOR LIVERPOOL AND GREENOCK.

THE fine fast-sailing A 1 brig *MUNRO*, 245 tons register, Captain Belfour, is daily expected from Port Philip, where she has loaded two thirds of her cargo, and requires only 500 bales of wool. For freight or passage, apply to
RAMSAY, YOUNG, AND CO.,
Hunter street, March 11. 3729

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE FINE A. 1. BRIG *VICTORIA*, Robert Sinclair, Commander, 200 tons burthen per register, and will be ready for sea in ten days. Apply to the Captain on board, or to
3172 GOSLING, BROWNE, AND CO.

EXCHANGE UPON LONDON.

THE Royal Bank of Australia hereby give notice, that they will dispose of Bankers' Bills, accepted in London, in sums varying from £50 to £500.
D. M. LAURIE, Manager.
No. 1, Church Hill.
Office hours from twelve to two. 2908

BANK OF AUSTRALIA.

Sydney, February [illegible], 1843.

IN pursuance of the undermentioned clause of the Deed of Settlement of the Bank of Australia, the Directors hereby call a General Meeting of the Proprietors, to be held at the Banking House, THIS DAY, the 16th day of March instant, at one o'clock:—

73rd. "That these presents, and the term of one hundred years, hereinbefore agreed upon by and between the several persons, parties hereto, shall or may be determined by a General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, to be assembled and called together by public notice, to be given by the Directors of the said Company for the time being, either on their own account, or on the requisition to be made in writing, in the manner hereinbefore mentioned, of not less than eleven of the members of the said Company, who shall be entitled to vote at General Meetings of the members of the said Company, at the expiration of the first ten years, and of every succeeding ten years of the said term of one hundred years, and in case the agreement shall be so determined, such steps shall be taken for the purpose of winding up, and closing the affairs of the said Company, as would have to be taken, in case the said term of one hundred years had expired by efflux of time."

By order of the Board of Directors,
W. H. MACKENZIE,
3159 Secretary and Cashier.

AUSTRALIAN GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Shareholders in this Company will be held on Tuesday, the 4th of April next, at twelve o'clock, for the purpose of electing a Director, in the room of John Alexander, Esq., resigned.

Candidates are required to give fourteen days' notice previous to the day of election.
J. C. PHELPS,
Secretary.
Sydney, March 8. 3656

MR. STUBBS begs to announce that he has this day admitted into partnership, JOHN ROBERTSON, ESQ., of 6, Birchin-lane, London, and that the business of the establishment will, in future, be carried on under the firm of STUBBS AND ROBERTSON.

Mr. Stubbs will continue to conduct all sales intended for public auction, and devote his whole attention and ability to the best disposal of bank and other shares, estates, agricultural farms, allotments, houses and lands of every description, together with that of cattle, sheep, and horses; Mr. Robertson taking the management of the sale and purchase of general merchandise, oil, wool, ships, &c., objects for which his lengthened experience in England and India well qualify him.

P. S.—Mr. Stubbs cannot allow this opportunity to pass without expressing the high sense of respect he entertains for those gentlemen who have so extensively and liberally supported him in his arduous business as an auctioneer, during the late eventful crisis.
King-street, 11th March, 1843. 3825

SYDNEY ALLIANCE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that to remove all doubts as to the liability of this Company to pay sums justly due to the shareholders on Policies held by them, the following memorandum will be endorsed on all Policies issued from this Office. And the holders of Policies already issued may, if they so desire, have the memorandum endorsed on their Policies.

"The Directors of this Company agree, notwithstanding any rule of law to the contrary, not to take any objection to any action or other proceeding commenced against this Company by any member thereof on account of such member being a shareholder or partner therein, but will try any suit, action, or proceeding, on merit, only, in the same manner as if the party so proceeding against this Company were without any partnership interest therein.

By order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. ROBINSON, Secretary.
George-street, March 3. 3470

AUSTRALIAN SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY.

THE Proprietors and subscribers of this institution are respectfully informed that the Library will be closed on Monday next, the 20th instant, in consequence of its removal to the premises lately occupied by the Royal Exchange, Macquarie place, and they are requested to provide themselves with an additional number of volumes to prevent disappointment, until its re-opening, of which due notice will be given.
THOMAS SHADFORTH,
Secretary.
March 13. 3878

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

THE Stewards beg leave to give notice, that in consequence of the Anniversary of St. Patrick falling on Friday this year, the usual Anniversary Dinner will take place in the Old Court House, Castlereagh-street, THIS EVENING, the 16th instant, when all who are favourable are respectfully requested to attend.

Tickets (not transferable) to be had of Mr. John Coyle, George-street; Mr. T. Maher, Brickfield hill, at the *Chronicle* Office; and of the stewards.

Dinner on the table at Six o'clock.

The Very Reverend the Vicar General, President of St. Patrick's Society, will preside on the occasion.
Sydney, March 8. 3843

GREAT ATTRACTION ON SAINT PATRICK'S NIGHT.

ON the above evening will be exhibited two splendid Montgolfier Balloons, at the Stonemason's Arms, Parramatta-street, the largest ever exhibited in the colony, got up under the management of an artist of great experience in aeronautics.

P.S. The public are respectfully invited to attend, as such an exhibition as this is not likely to occur again.

N.B. Admittance one shilling each, to see the filling and setting off, at seven o'clock precisely.
March 14. 3865

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

The Superb Melodramatic Spectacle
WALLACE, THE HERO OF SCOTLAND.

With great respect, and with gratitude for past favours,

MRS. KNOWLES,

begs leave to inform the patrons of the drama in Australia, her friends, and the public of Sydney and its vicinity in general, that her Benefit is fixed for

THIS EVENING, MARCH 16TH, 1843,

upon which occasion she [illegible] that the Entertainments selected for the evening will meet with the approval of her friends, and gratify that portion of the public who may feel inclined to patronise her. Mrs. Knowles trusts that her endeavours to gain the favour of the Sydney public will on the above evening ensure her their support, and at the same time begs to assure them, that it will be her earnest desire in future to merit a continuance of their patronage and good wishes.

THE Performances will commence with a drama, in three Acts, written by W. Barrymore, Esq., and founded on the most eventful period of Scottish History, interspersed with Combats, Dances, and highly interesting and effective incidents, called

WALLACE,
THE HERO OF SCOTLAND.

Kirkpatrick, a Scottish Chieftain, friend of Wallace	Mr. Nesbitt.
Wallace, the Hero of Scotland	Mr. Knowles
The Lady Marian	Mrs. Knowles

In the course of the piece,
Scotch Pas de Trois, by Madame Torning, Madame Louise, and Mr. Chambers.
Scottish Pas de Deux, by Misses Jones.
Song, Mrs. Knowles, "Oft in the stilly night,"
Combat of Eight, by Messrs Torning, James, Knowles, Fenton, Merreton, Chambers, Jones, and Simes.
And, a grand Combat between Messrs. Torning and James.

Immediately after the performance of the drama,

A popular Song	Mrs Gibbs
A Medley Dance	Miss E. Jones
Song, "The Old Maid," (in character)	Miss Jones
To be followed by a popular Pas de Deux	Mad. Louise & Mad. Torning.
The popular song, "[illegible] the Roses"	Mrs Wallace

To be succeeded by a Pas de Trois, by Miss Jones, Mr. Chambers, and Miss Thomson.

The Evening's Entertainments will conclude with a laughable Farce, called

MY FELLOW CLERK,

Tactic	Mr Knowles
Miss Fanny Dobson	Mrs. Knowles

Who will sing the popular Songs, "Meet me in the Willow Glen," and "The Banks of the Blue Moselle."

Tickets and places for the Boxes to be had from Mr. Wright, Victoria Hotel, where a plan of the boxes may be seen. Tickets also to be had of Mr. Ellard, Music Saloon, George-street; of Mr. Aldis, George street; of Mr. Rolfe, Music seller, adjoining the Theatre; and of Mrs. Knowles, at her residence, Messrs. Fechett and Strong's, corner of Brougham-place, and at the Theatre daily. 3607

MUDGEE RACES.

FROM the Windsor Races taking place in the first week in April, it is found necessary to delay the Mudgee Races until a further period.
N. P. BAYLY, Secretary.
Mudgee, February 5. 2131

NEW ENGLAND RACES.

THE ANNUAL MEETING will take place on the Armadale Course, on Monday, the 4th day of April, 1843. Further particulars will appear in a future advertisement.
Salisbury, January 25. 2085

A CARD.

DR. HOSKING, M. D., Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, &c., having returned to the colony from Europe, begs to acquaint his friends and the public, that he has resumed the practice of his profession, and hopes to possess that confidence which he enjoyed so many years previous to his departure.

Dr. H. can be consulted as usual at his residence, No. 48, Castlereagh-street South, (between Park and Market streets.)
Sydney, March 13. 3791

NOTICE.

MR. BELISARIO, Surgeon Dentist, Macquarie-street, opposite the School of Industry, begs to state that he has reduced his charges to the following scale, from this date, 2nd March:—

	s.	d.
Extraction	5	0
Filling with Gold Leaf	10	0
Scaling	7	6
Extraction for the working classes and poor	2	6
Filling with gold for ditto	5	0

3213

HAWKESBURY TURF CLUB RACES
11th, 12th, and 13th of April.

IN consequence of the Courts of Quarter Sessions falling on the 5th of April at which a great many members of the above Club are required to preside as jurors, the Races have been POSTPONED until Tuesday, the 11th, and the two following days, in April next.

All horses to be entered between the hours of two and six, p. m., on Monday, the 10th of April, except hacks, which will be post entrances.

TUESDAY, 11TH APRIL.

1st. The Members' Purse of £100, for horses of all ages—heats twice round—entrance £10—the winner to carry seven pounds extra for the Richmond Purse—three entrances or no race.

2nd. A Maiden Plate of £40, for horses that never won a prize of £20—entrance £4—three entrances or no race.

3rd. The Australian Purse of Fifty Sovereigns, given by Robert Fitzgerald, Esq., for horses of all ages—heats twice round—entrance £[illegible], five sovereigns to be added—three entrances or no race.

WEDNESDAY, 12TH.

1st. The Hawkesbury Stakes of £50, with a Sweepstake of £3 each added, for all horses, carrying eleven stone each—one heat three times round, over nine leaps four feet high—riders to be approved of by the stewards—entrance £3, three entrances or no race.

Hack Hurdle Race of £15, with a Sweepstake of £2 each added—entrance £1—heats once round, over three leaps three feet six inches high.

THURSDAY, 13TH.

1st. The Richmond Purse of £75, for horses of all ages—heats twice round—entrance £7 10s.—three entrances or no race—the winner of the Members' Purse to carry seven pounds extra.

2nd. Ladies' Purse of £40, for two year olds, carrying seven stone each—heats once round—entrance £4—three entrances or no race.

3rd. The Beaten Stakes of £40, for beaten horses during this meeting—one heat twice round—entrance £3—to be handicapped by the stewards, or any person they may choose to appoint—three entrances or no race.

4th. A Hack Race for £10, with £1 entrance added, for untrained horses, well known to the Stewards, to be used as common hacks.

Stewards.
W. G. Borgia
John Barker
B. Richards
Charles Ezzy
W. T. Baylis.

Judge.
Mr. Andrew Badgery.

Treasurer and Secretary.
Mr. James Cullen.

Weights to be carried at the above Races:—

	st.	lb.
Two year olds	6	7
Three ditto....................	7	6
Four ditto	8	4
Five ditto	8	12
Six and aged	9	6

Mares and geldings allowed three pounds, except in those races where the weights are specified.

All decisions of the Stewards to be final.

No person allowed to enter a horse who is not a subscriber to the amount of £3 3s., hack races excepted, for which £1 will qualify.

The following toll will be charged at the entrance gate:—

	s.	d.
For every four-wheeled carriage	2	6
For every gig	2	2
For every cart..................	2	0
And for each saddle horse	1	0

The Gate will be sold by public auction to the highest bidder, on Saturday, the 1st day of April, precisely at twelve o'clock, at Mr. Cullen's Inn, Windsor.

Applications for booths to be made to the Secretary, on or before Saturday, the 11th of March inst., on which evening, at seven o'clock, tickets will be drawn for the choice thereof. Applicants to pay the fee required previous to drawing a ticket.

Publicans who are members will be required to pay £2 for a booth, those who are not, £7. Stands and stalls, 15s. each.

Members and subscribers are particularly requested to pay into the hands of the Treasurer, or to the Commercial Bank, Windsor, the amount of their yearly subscriptions, on or before the 20th of March instant.
JAMES CULLEN,
3514 Secretary.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF SYDNEY.

GENTLEMEN,—Having announced my intention of offering myself as a candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing election of Members for the Legislative Assembly, it is essentially necessary, that I should put you in possession of the knowledge of the principles by which I shall be guided should it be your pleasure to place your confidence in me.

It is perhaps difficult to find any decided test like that which unfortunately exists in the Mother Country, by which political opinions may be tried. Allow me, however, to declare that I am a sincere friend of civil and religious liberty.

This being my adopted land, and having no intention of ever quitting it, and firmly trusting that from the occurrences of the past years and the manner in which I have defended the interests of all with whom I have come in contact, I boldly claim the title of a true Australian Colonist, being a freeholder of its soil.

Fully aware of the responsibility attached to the honourable post to which I now aspire, and sensible of the duties, which will be arduous and complicated, and can only be performed faithfully and beneficially by one who through evil and good reports and whatever may be the inducement to swerve from his public duty, yet has the courage to pursue that course, which in his honest opinion, is most likely to promote the local advantage of his constituents and the general interests of the Colony. This shall be the constant rule by which my conduct will be guided, sparing neither pains nor labour to discharge my duty towards you, and I will, if elected, enter the Legislative Council fettered by no tie but that of my patriotic feelings to this my adopted country.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient Servant,
3652 WILLIAM HUSTLER.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF BATHURST.

GENTLEMEN,—In compliance with the wishes of many of my friends, and encouraged by the promises of general support, I beg to announce my intention of becoming a candidate for the representation of this County, in the first session of the Council, formed under the new Constitution.

In thus aspiring to an honour so distinguished, permit me to state that I am deeply sensible of the important trust reposed in a representative; and in soliciting your suffrages that I am influenced by no higher ambition than the promotion and perpetuation of the best interests of my native land.

I deem it unnecessary at this stage, to dwell at any length on the principles I intend to support; I prefer being judged by my actions, rather than by fulsome professions.

With an equal veneration for good government, and of the unalienable rights of the governed, I pledge myself to support the former so long only as its measures have the tendency to advance the civil and religious welfare of the whole community; this being the true basis upon which all legislation should be founded.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
2129 FRANCIS LORD.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.

GENTLEMEN,—I beg to announce to you that it is my intention to offer myself as a candidate for the honour of being one to represent your county in the forthcoming Legislative Council.

I persuade myself that it will not be necessary, in this announcement, to enumerate the various grounds upon which I have ventured to believe that I am qualified to do you justice, by the upright and efficient fulfilment of those duties to which I aspire.

The principles by which my public conduct has ever been regulated have been long and often before you. They have been an uncompromising advocacy for free institutions; for equal laws, in their most comprehensive form, and for an equitable humane administration of those laws; and I cannot but feel an honest pride in the reflection, that in prosecuting these views, my humble efforts have been neither unappreciated by the public, nor altogether fruitless in their results. To these principles I shall rigidly adhere, in the event of your calling me to the high and responsible office for which I now respectfully solicit your patronage and support.

It would be supererogatory in me to remind you of the precarious condition to which every colonial pursuit is actually reduced; that Australia is now in its utmost need, and that its only hope for resuscitation lies in the energetic well-directed measures of the approaching Legislative Assembly.

With the importance of the trust and the magnitude of the duties I now desire to have conferred upon me, I am deeply impressed, and with the corresponding necessity for qualified practical men as legislators in our new form of government. In mentioning the circumstance of my being a native of Australia, I may be allowed to say, that I do so not as a specific claim upon your preference, but merely to show that my interests, equally with my feelings, are in a pre-eminent degree, wholly identified with the happiness and prosperity of the Colony.

If my appeal shall be deemed worthy of your favourable consideration, I can only very sincerely assure you that my best energies shall be unremittingly exercised to realise my professions and to justify your choice.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
1252 GEORGE R. NICHOLS.

COUNTY OF CAMDEN, PICTON.
MR. COWPER'S ELECTION.

AT a meeting of the Committee, held at the Committee Room, Picton, this day, it was resolved—that as the village of Camden the seventh clause of the Electoral Districts' Act, constituted a polling place, it is expedient to appoint a committee for that place; and as the gentlemen whose names are stated below have consented to act, the following arrangement for the two committees is agreed to:

COMMITTEE FOR THE VILLAGE OF PICTON.
Mr Wild, J. P.
Major Antill
Mr. Garland, J. P.
,, Mathew Macalister
,, Henry Shepherd
,, James Crispe
,, George Commins
,, Joseph Aldridge
,, John Martin
,, William Bollard
,, Thomas Brown
,, Mountfort Longfield
,, Thomas Inglis
,, John Antill
,, George Woodhouse
Dr. M'Donald
Mr. George Borne

COMMITTEE FOR THE VILLAGE OF CAMDEN.
Mr. Henry Shadforth, J. P.
Lieut. Martin, R. N.
Mr. Buckland
,, Marden
,, Samuel Thompson
,, Chisholm, (Mulgoa Forest)
,, James Hassall, jun.
,, Herbert
,, James Chisholm
,, George Tabor
,, Samuel Blackman

JOHN WILD, Chairman.
Commyn's Inn, Picton,
March 11. 3868

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE UNITED BOROUGHS OF CAMPBELLTOWN, LIVERPOOL, RICHMOND, AND WINDSOR.

GENTLEMEN,—Yielding to the solicitation of friends, and encouraged by the spontaneous assurances of support held out to me by many of the constituents of these boroughs, I now beg leave to offer myself as a candidate for the honour of representing you in the new Legislative Council.

In coming forward thus publicly and formally to solicit your suffrages in my favour at the ensuing election, it would be an absurd affectation of modesty in me to deny that I do feel, that in so doing, I profess not only to have the *will*, but also, to some competent extent, the *ability* within me, to serve you in the important and responsible office of your representative.

To the majority of you, I believe, I am no stranger: you know my circumstances and station in life; you know the deep stake I have in the colony, and the still *deeper* interest which I *feel*, as an *Australian*, in all that concerns the welfare of the land that gave me birth.

In seeking to promote that welfare, however, I will consider it my duty in all cases to act impartially towards the various and sometimes conflicting interests of the several constituent classes of the community; and however liable each may be to identify its own interests, in an exclusive or predominant point of view, with the general weal, still, as the common representative of all *classes*, my conscientious aim will be, to promote the just interests of *all*, without compromising the legitimate rights of *any*.

On this principle, I consider the civil and religious liberty of this colony has been admirably founded by our late revered Governor Sir Richard Bourke, and it requires but the establishment of a liberal and consistent system of public education, under the present administration, to render the work complete. When I see so many of my fellow-countrymen growing up without education, I feel in my heart, that the *best boon* which I could lend my aid to obtain for them, is the blessing of a just and liberal system of public education, free alike from ecclesiastical domination and sectarian confliction.

On the same principle, with reference to immigration, I would recognise no invidious distinctions or undue preferences with regard to the selection or importation of emigrants, from each of the three United Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland.

In conclusion, Gentlemen, I have only to assure you, that although more immediately connected with the town of Windsor, that circumstance will never cause me to neglect the interests of those other towns for whose joint representation I now offer myself as a candidate, nor ever lessen the zeal with which I shall be bound to promote these interests by every just and legitimate means in my power.

I have now laid before you my views and principles, as a candidate for your suffrages; I have never been connected with any *faction* or party in politics; and I shall consider it an advantage, should I have the honour of being returned as your representative, that I will enter the first Elective Legislature of my native land, an untrammelled and independent man.

Allow me, Gentlemen, the honor of subscribing myself, your faithful and obedient servant,
R. FITZGERALD.
Windsor, January 13. 762

REMOVAL.

CETTA AND HUGHES, Carvers and Gilders, Looking Glass Makers, Marine Barometer and Thermometer Manufacturers, beg to return their sincere thanks to their friends and the public generally for the kind support they have received during their residence in King-street West, and to state that they are this day removing into George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel, and trust by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of public favour.
Sydney, 3rd March. 3313

TO ALEXANDER M'LEAY, ESQ.,
ELIZABETH BAY, SYDNEY.

SIR,—We, the undersigned Electors for the Counties of Gloucester, Macquarie, and Stanley, having the greatest confidence in your ability, your long experience in the Colony, and your high character and integrity both in public and private life, hope that you will come forward as a Candidate to represent the above Counties in the Legislative Assembly.

We are, Sir,
Your obedient servants,

(Signed) John Cross
George Jobling, J.P.
R. Evans, J.P.
William Purves
William T. Taylor, J. P.
Robert A. Wauch, J.P.
William Nairne Gray, J.P.
W. H. Geary, J.P.
William Kemp, J.P.
P. Ditmas, J.P.
Charles George Gray, J.P.
William Richardson
George H. Gray
John E. Stacey
H. Herring
Jeremiah Warlters
J. O. Gorman
William Collie
William Parsons
Archibald C. Innes
Charles Watson
Alexander Thomson
B. Hawthorn
Henry Cohen
George Heaven
J. Phillips
Horatio Tozer
William Litchfield
J. G. Green
S. H. Cohen
T. Lewis
Robert Ackroyd
James Macintyre
John Patterson
A. Cohen
James Ashdown
Samuel Onions
John Davis
John Drew
Daniel M'Innes
William Hayley
William Gloag
Herbert Salwey
Arthur E. Halloran
Joseph Wilson
Robert Graham
James Thompson
William M'Kenzie
J. C. Mackay
Patrick Mackay
W. C. Robinson
B. D. Wemyss
Gerard Robertson
Hugh Mackay
Henry H. Parker
William Cross
Andrew Ross
Stephen Partridge
Septimus Rainsford
William Macpherson
A. Maclean.

County of Macquarie.

Port Macquarie, February 1. 2133

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE UNITED COUNTIES OF GLOUCESTER, MACQUARIE, AND STANLEY.

GENTLEMEN,—Encouraged by a very flattering address which has been presented to me from a numerous and highly respectable body of Clergymen, Magistrates, and other Electors, resident in the County of Macquarie, and by kind offers of support from influential persons in other parts of the Electoral District, I beg leave to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of your united Counties, in the new Legislative Council, and to solicit your votes and interest in my behalf.

My long public service both in this and our mother country, and the straight forward conduct which I have humbly endeavoured to pursue, as well in public affairs as in my connexion with those various Colonial Institutions over which I have the honour to preside, appear to me to render it unnecessary that I should follow the example of other candidates who have come forward on the present occasion, by stating my qualifications for the high situation for which I solicit your votes, or by issuing any formal declaration of my opinions on religious and political matters. My sentiments on those very important points are well known, nor have I ever attempted to conceal them. I therefore think, that it is only necessary for me to add, that if I should have the honour of being elected your representative in the Legislative Council, I shall not fail to exert myself to the utmost of my power and judgment, in supporting the interests of my constituents, as well as in promoting the welfare and prosperity of the colony at large.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient and faithful servant,
ALEXANDER M'LEAY.
Elizabeth Bay, February 8. 2141

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTIES OF MURRAY, KING, AND GEORGIANA.

GENTLEMEN,—Your several counties being now united in one electoral district, I have the honour to offer myself as a candidate for the representation of your interests in the new Legislative Council.

In a district so extensive, the political opinions of individuals cannot be generally known. In soliciting your suffrages, therefore, for a seat in that Council, which will, by its measures, affect not only our interests, but those of generations yet to come—which may even mould the future destinies of this infant State, and extend its influence to remote ages—it is incumbent on me to make some profession of the principles which shall guide my public conduct.

As a colonist, I know no such distinctions as Whig or Tory. The welfare of this country—liberal and equal laws for all parties and all sects—institutions suitable to, and corresponding with, the spirit of the age in which we live—should be the great objects of my public life: I seek no support under the supposition that I shall be the advocate of exclusive or sectarian politics.

Religion being intimately interwoven with political principles in every British community, I wish to declare myself a friend to the existing Church Establishment, as founded on Sir Richard Bourke's Church Act; and, if that Act were rendered even more comprehensive, I would be the more inclined to support it.

A settler residing among you, my interests are identical with yours. The colony, in which our fortunes are cast, labours under the extreme of depression; but its new Legislature may do much to restore it to prosperity, by developing its internal resources; by promoting agriculture and colonial manufactures; and by checking useless and extravagant importations. I promise you that, if I have the honour of being returned as your representative, I shall devote my earnest attention to these objects of general interest. I am, Gentlemen,

Your faithful and obedient servant,
T. A. MURRAY.
Yarrowlumla, February 24. 4148

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF THE COUNTIES OF ST. VINCENT AND MURRAY.

GENTLEMEN,—Presuming that the counties of St. Vincent and Murray will return a member to the New Legislative Assembly, I beg to announce to you my intention of offering myself as a candidate for the honour of becoming your representative.

The grounds upon which I venture to lay claim to this mark of your confidence, are, the fact of my having resided in the colony for the last seventeen years, and having thus had an opportunity of becoming intimately acquainted with its interests. The knowledge and experience which I have thus acquired, I shall, should you do me the honour of returning me as your Representative, employ to the best of my ability in promoting those objects most conducive to the welfare of the colony.
271 JOHN COGHILL.

TO THE INDEPENDENT ELECTORS OF THE COUNTIES OF ROXBURGH AND WELLINGTON.

GENTLEMEN,—The electoral Districts and Counties which are to return Members for the Colonial Legislature, having been promulgated, I hasten to announce to you my intention of soliciting the honour of being your Representative.

I have requested the honour of representing the Counties of Roxburgh and Wellington, from the fact of my having some stake in the former County, added to the idea that I shall have it in my power of being of some service to them: I have also been induced to offer myself to your notice, that I may have an opportunity of assuring you how much I have the interest of your Counties at heart, and of convincing you by my votes, (should you do me the honour of electing me), of my determination to oppose every act that I may deem prejudicial to your interests; while at the same time it will be my duty to give my cordial support to the best of my ability to every suggestion having for its object the general welfare and prosperity of the Colony. I have watched with much anxiety the cause of the distress which of late years has fallen upon this, our Country; and I have no hesitation in asserting my belief that they have chiefly emanated, and are mainly attributable, to the mistaken and short-sighted policy, not of our local, but our home Government: to counteract the evil of this fatal tendency, it behoves every person who has a stake or any interest in the prosperity and happiness of this country, to come forward at this period and appear before its constituency, that the electors may have an opportunity of selecting the men best fitted for the performance of the many and arduous tasks that must necessarily devolve on the commencement of a new Legislative Council.

I will do myself the honour of canvassing the Counties of Roxburgh and Wellington personally, and through my friends, at the earliest possible period.

I have the honour to be, Gentlemen,
Your faithful servant,
W. RUSSELL.
Regentville, Penrith, January 14. 797

TEETH.
A NEW DISCOVERY.

MR. J. EMANUEL, SURGEON-DENTIST, begs to submit to the public his peculiar method of supplying artificial and natural teeth, from one to a complete set, upon the beautiful system of self adhesion, without the aid of springs, wires, clasps, or fastenings of any kind—and above all, are firmer in the mouth—and fixed with that attention to nature so as to excite surprise in the most sceptical. They are so contrived as to adapt themselves to the most tender gums, or remaining stumps, without causing the least pain, rendering the operation of extracting quite unnecessary. They are guaranteed to answer every purpose of articulation and mastication. Mr. E. begs to invite the public to an inspection of the specimens of his effective system of dental mechanism in all its varieties—so free from pain in their application—and which may be seen at his residence daily.

LIST OF CHARGES.

	£	s.	d.
A single tooth	£2	2	0
Stopping with gold cement .	0	10	6
Ditto with pure gold leaf .	0	15	0
Scaling	0	10	6
Extracting	0	5	0

In conclusion, Mr. Emanuel wishes to draw the special attention of his patrons to the fact of his being A REGULARLY QUALIFIED SURGEON DENTIST, OF LEYDEN COLLEGE, from which institution he obtained his diploma in 1836 to practise in the above art. Since that period he has rendered himself intimately conversant in the various modern improvements in the surgical and mechanical branches of his profession in London, Paris, and other towns on the Continent.

At home from 10, A.M., till 5, P.M.

Residence—Wyatt's Buildings, Castlereagh-street North. 7293

SEAHORSE HOTEL,
TOWNSHIP OF BOYD, TWOFOLD BAY.

FOR the convenience of Passengers going to and returning from Maneroo, this Hotel will be completed in a few weeks, and will be conducted in a manner calculated to give satisfaction to the public, and as nearly as possible at ENGLISH PRICES. 3873

ROYAL HOTEL.

MR. SPARKE, under the advice of many influential friends, both in TOWN and COUNTRY, begs to announce, that on WEDNESDAY next, the 15th of March, he intends throwing open THE GREAT SALOON OF THE ROYAL HOTEL, upon the principle of the universally established

EUROPEAN RESTAURATEURS.

This accommodation is much called for by many gentlemen, closely engaged in official duties, and having but little time to spare; and more particularly so in regard to Merchants and others, who may wish to take their

BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON, OR DINNER, at any time BETWEEN THE HOURS OF ELEVEN O'CLOCK AND SIX.

THE SALOON

Will be amply provided with SEPARATE TABLES properly laid out; and gentlemen wishing to form a party of four or six by themselves, (as in London) can do so, and have the table ready for them at any hour they appoint.

☞ A BILL OF FARE

Will be placed on each table, enumerating all the substantial and epicurienne dishes of the season, with prices affixed against each, which will be found on the most moderate scale. None but spirits of the first brand, wines of the choicest quality, and malt liquor of the best character will be introduced into the Saloon, and these at the usual fair charges.
Royal Hotel, March 13. 3800

W. H. CHAPMAN,
CITY SALE ROOMS, GEORGE-STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,

INFORMS the public that he intends carrying on business as Auctioneer and Salesman, on his premises as above, also at Hunter-street, (late Olympic), which is fitting up for the sale of horses and other stock: there will be sheds for the protection of carriages, gigs, &c., at a charge of 2s. 6d. per week each vehicle, until sold.

W. H. C. trusts that those who have known him for a long period will feel no hesitation in confiding sales to him. To those who do not know him, he pledges himself to use every endeavour to effect sales to their satisfaction, and to be truly punctual in his return sales.

Up to the year 1838, W. H. C. was much engaged in the purchase and sale of land and other property. During the past five years he has been engaged in the country, in the management of his cattle and agricultural stations; and as this management was not the mere name, but the real business part—such as is much wanted these hard times, by all country stations, to ensure success—he must have acquired some knowledge of the value of estates and stock.

The first sale will take place at the City Sale Rooms, on Monday, 20th March, at eleven o'clock, when a quantity of merchandise, ships' sails, &c., will be submitted to public competition. (See advertisement.) 3819

MR. JOHN DILLON, Solicitor, has this day removed his offices from George-street, (adjoining the Royal Hotel), to his residence in York-street, next house to the City Council Chambers, and within a few yards of the York-street entrance to the Sydney Police Office.
Sydney, February 23. 3027

J. G. WALLER respectfully calls the attention of his friends and the public, to the very low prices he is charging for good Wines, Ale, and Porter.
Excellent Sherry, 14s. per dozen
Excellent Port, 14s. 6d. per dozen
Hunt's Port, in quarts, 26s. 6d. per dozen
Dunbar's Ale and Porter, warranted genuine, 12s. per dozen.

J. G. Waller has also to inform parties requiring Van Diemen's Land produce, that they can obtain the very best description, at his stores in Clarence-street (a few doors from King-street) of hay, potatoes, wheat, oats, &c., in quantities to suit the convenience of the purchaser.
March 10. 3774

TO TOWN AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, FAMILIES, SETTLERS, AND OTHERS.

THE Subscriber not having met with a purchaser of the entire stock-in-trade, has commenced SELLING OFF by hand the whole of his valuable and extensive stock of LINEN-DRAPERY, MERCERY, HOSIERY, FRENCH and CHINA GOODS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, SLOPS, &c. As the business will if possible be closed by the 1st January an early attendance is requested, when such DECIDED BARGAINS will be offered, that a single visit will convince purchasers that this is not one of the many PUFFS daily put forth to gull the public, of "Bankrupts' Stocks"—"Clearing out"—"Selling off," &c., but a real and *bona fide* selling off, at the greatest sacrifice, to prevent a public auction. H. O. A. positively retiring from business, and about to quit the colony for Europe.

China matting, reduced from 6s. to 3s. the yard

China preserves, reduced from 7s. to 3s. 6d. the jar

A small batch of very superior sherry port in pints, constantia, and old hock, at less than cost prices.

The subscriber begs to inform his friends, in town and country, that their respective accounts are closed from this date. An immediate settlement of all open accounts is requested, and all demands sent in for payment.

H. O. AYRANE,
British and Foreign House, 69, George-street, three doors south of the Royal Hotel.
November 21. 718

R. SPENCE,

MAGASIN DES MODES, CORNER OF HUNTER AND O'CONNELL STREETS, OPPOSITE THE UNION BANK.

Ex *Anna Robertson*, and late Arrivals.

FRENCH MERINOES, in choice colours
French printed cashmeres and merinoes
French printed mousseline de laine
French printed Swiss cambrics and muslins
French printed and plain challis
French Chiné Chusan crapes. These differ entirely from the English Chiné Chusan, being composed of wool and silk

CHEAP SILKS.
Rich black gros de Naples, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 3d.
Rich black ducapes, 3s. 9d. to 4s. 9d.
Rich coloured gros de Naples, in light and dark colours, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 9d.
Rich Spitalfields double-sided figured ducapes, 2s 9d. to 3s. 9d.
Rich sattinets, blacks and colours, 4s. 6d. to 6s. 6d.
Splendid dark Chiné silks, new patterns, 3s. 6d. to 4s. 6d. 3857

GREAT BARGAINS are now offered by the undersigned, in
Infants' long robes
,, frock bodies
,, French and Scotch cambric caps
Veils and shawls, black and white lace
Bonnet ribbons, very superior
Damask table linen, cloths, and napkins
Ladies' black and pearl-white silk hose.

The above, with a very great variety of drapery goods, are now being sold for less than cost price.

JOHN GEORGE RICHARDSON,
5, George-street, opposite Messrs. Peek and Campbell's. 2382

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

JUST RECEIVED by the undersigned—
Five cases, comprising Silk, Gingham, and Cotton.
A. [illegible]DERN,
3417 [illegible] King-street.

BLANKETS, SLOPS, HOSIERY, &c.

FOR SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—
8, 9, 10 quarter extra stout Witney blankets
9 and 10 quarter stout Diaper Rugs
Best Scarlet and Plush Waistcoats, with sleeves
Super Genoa Cord Trowsers, lined
Shepherd's Stout Coats
Long blue Pilot Coats
Galloons
Hosiery
Leather Gloves, &c., &c.

A. & S. LYONS,
Pitt-street.
Sydney, March 9. 3632

BLANKETS, SLOPS, GLASS, AND SHOT.

THE undersigned have now for sale the undermentioned Merchandise, viz.:—
Extra stout Witney blankets, of 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 quarter
Ditto ditto diaper rugs, of 8, 9, and 10 quarter
Scarlet and plush waistcoats with sleeves
Genoa cord trousers
Moleskin jackets
Moleskin and other shooting coats
Stout Witney shepherd's coats
Kilmarnock caps, galloons, women's hosiery, doe and buckskin gloves.

ALSO,
Casks of double flint half pint printed tumblers, very stout publican's dram glasses, best double flint ditto nobler, ditto cut and plain
French chimnies
Ground lotuses and ground moons
Stained and figured lotuses
French bottom globes
Starred arched bell shaped ditto
Ten inch painted globes
Chamber globes
Window glass, of sizes
Force pumps
Shot, B 1, 2, 3, 4
Ships' water closets
Lead pipe of sizes, &c., &c., &c.

A. & S. LYONS,
Pitt-street.
Sydney, March 13. 3746

NEW MUSIC.
EX "HELVELLYN" AND "GIRAFFE."

THE undersigned respectfully announces another consignment, per *Giraffe*, of the newest and most fashionable Music, of every description, for cash only.
Pianofortes tuned and repaired.
THOMAS ROLFE.
26, Pitt-street, near the Theatre. 1330

CAPE MADEIRA WINE.

FOR SALE, at the Warehouse of the undersigned, Cape Madeira Wine, in pipes, hogsheads, and quarter-casks, a large proportion of small casks.
HENRY MOORE.
Moore's Wharf, January 23. 1238

DRAUGHT PORTER.

To Publicans, Storekeepers, and others.

JUST LANDED, one hundred hogsheads London Porter, of superior quality, £5 10s. per hogshead, warranted.

To be had of ISAAC SIMMONS, at the City Auction Mart, George-street, opposite the Barrack wall. 3768

TEA TEA!! TEA!!!
TO SHOPKEEPERS AND UP-COUNTRY SETTLERS.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned, Four Hundred Chests superior Hysonskin Tea, warranted sound, at 35s. per single chest, at JOHN ISAACS' South Sea Warehouse, Lower George-street, Sydney. 3691

DERWENT POTATOES.

JUST LANDING, from the *Esther*, this day, and on sale at JOHN STIRLING'S, Brown's River Black Potatoes, of the finest quality, being the only lot at present in the market—

Six hundred bags Brown's River Black Potatoes.
Sydney, March 10. 3649

DERWENT POTATOES.

JUST received and on Sale, at the stores of the undersigned:—
Fifteen tons of fine Derwent potatoes.
3814 R. AND T. COVENY.

FLOUR.

TEN Tons of Good Fine FLOUR, at 13s. 6d. per 100 lbs., bags included.
H. PUGH,
General Provision Store, Market and
3454 Clarence-street.

TO OUR AGENTS.

THE Agents of the *Sydney Morning Herald* are requested to forward statements of their receipts to the office not later than the 20th instant, in order that the accounts of the current quarter may be transmitted for early delivery.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL.

From Hobart Town, last night, having left the 10th instant, the barque *Lord Eldon*, 337 tons, Captain Worsell, with 4,500 packages tea, &c.

DEPARTURE.

For Moreton Bay, yesterday, the steamer *Sovereign*, Captain Cape, with a general cargo. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Stokes, Dr. Goodwin, Mr. Rodgers, Messrs. Bow, M'Lachlan, Fergusson, Owen, King, Murray, Penny, Yates, Bishop, Wood, Mr. Ross and servant, and ten in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.

March 15.—*Northumberland*, 17, Filby, from Port Aiken, with shells; *Sophia Jane*, steamer, 156, Wiseman, from Wollongong, with 88 bags potatoes, &c.; *Rose*, steamer, 172, Pattison, from Morpeth, with 69 bales wool, 40 trusses hay, 630 bushels wheat.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

March 15.—*Sovereign*, steamer, 119, Cape, for Moreton Bay, with sundries; *Sophia Jane*, steamer, 156, Wiseman, for Wollongong, with sundries; *Rose*, steamer, 172, Pattison, for Morpeth, with sundries; *George*, 35, Damon, for Newcastle, in ballast; *Hyndes*, 30, Stewart, for Illawarra, with sundries; *Louisa*, 15, Cox, for Brisbane Water, with sundries; *Rover*, 14, Foot, for the Hawkesbury, with sundries.

IMPORTS.

March 13.—*Scotia*, schooner, 68 tons, Ward, master, from Auckland Islands and New Zealand; 335 seal skins.

March 13.—*Resolution*, cutter, 49 tons, Lesslie, master, from Launceston; 159 bags barley, 179 bags wheat, 12 bags malt, 500 cart felloes, 50 boards, 6 cases apples, 53 bags oats, 35 bags onions.

March 14.—*Dorset*, brig, 82 tons, Walsh, master, from Adelaide; 103 bags 40 cases sago, 34 cases ginger, 10 chests 8 half-chests tea, 50 kegs butter, 15 sacks and 33 bags potatoes, 5 sacks barley, 15 casks 1 case 9 packages 18 bags onions, 3 packages baggage, 26 cheeses, 20 hogsheads brandy, 10 tons salt, 1 case pipes, 1 bale shawls, 6 casks hardware, 3 cases matches, 7 packages slops, 2 sacks and 1 bag wheat, 4 hogsheads foreign rum, 4 hogsheads 1 quarter-cask Geneva, 10 casks and 3 kegs tobacco, 4 cases cigars, 3 cases prints, 1 keg nails, 1 case haberdashery, 1 flour mill, 1 bale canvas.

March 14.—*Exporter*, barque, 216 tons, Anwyl, master, from Manila; 5418 bags sugar, 4 cases cigars.

The *Earl Durham* hauled round to Armitage's Wharf yesterday, to take in the remainder of her wool for London; this being ready screwed she will meet with dispatch.

The American ship *London* is about to discharge her cargo at Moore's Wharf, and the Swedish barque *Flora* will also haul alongside there to-day for the same purpose.

The *Governor Phillip* has hauled into the stream, and will sail for Norfolk Island in a few days.

The *Lord Eldon* discharged the chief part of her cargo at Hobart Town; she did not speak anything on the passage up.

DIARY.

MEMORANDUM FOR THIS DAY.

March.		SUN, rises	SUN, sets.	HIGH TIDE. morn	HIGH TIDE. even
16	THURSDAY	5 54	6 6	8 30	8 54

Full Moon, March 16, 3 m. past 4, afternoon.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We think the information referred to by Commerce, being for individual benefit, should be communicated by way of advertisement: the quantity and number of articles imported is published for the guidance of the commercial community generally.

Mr. J. R. Brenan *having signed his name to his letters, we cannot insert an anonymous reply to them.*

The Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1843.

Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC MANIFESTO.

IN the *Australasian Chronicle* of the day before yesterday, there appeared a leading article under the head of "ECCLESIASTICAL INDULGENCES," being an attempt, by means of a lengthy quotation from BOSSUET, "the illustrious Bishop of Meaux," to explain to the popular mind, and to vindicate from Protestant misrepresentation, "the true and authentic doctrine of the Church" on the point of Indulgences. The writer says, by way of apology, we suppose, for the meagreness of his thesis, "We are not going to write a disquisition on the subject." Neither are we. If the leading columns of the *Sydney Morning Herald* were a proper vehicle for theological controversy, we conceive we should find it no difficult task to dissect the clumsy sophistries both of the Editor and of "the illustrious Bishop of Meaux," and to shew that their doctrine of indulgences, even under the most specious forms in which their ingenuity can present it, is repugnant to reason and to the word of GOD. For the word of GOD, indeed, neither of them seems to have much regard. It is a remarkable fact, and strikingly illustrative of the genius of Popery, that throughout the whole of this article, the extract from BOSSUET included, the Holy Scriptures are never once mentioned, nor even alluded to! "The Council of Trent" is the only authority adduced, and this, with the traditions flowing from "the primitive Church," appears to be regarded by the writers as an oracle requiring no ratification from the records of Inspired Truth. Whether the Bible sanctions the doctrine of indulgences or not, is of no consequence: THE CHURCH hath ruled it—and the voice of THE CHURCH is the voice of GOD!

But if Roman Catholics think proper to embrace this doctine, we have no right, as the guardians of civil liberty, to interfere with any enjoyments they can derive from it. They have as just a claim to their religious peculiarities as we have to ours. To their own master they must stand or fall. For this reason, we should not have thought it necessary to notice the *Chronicle's* article at all, but for the startling instrument with which it is immediately followed, and for the express purpose of introducing which to the public of New South Wales, the article was written. By what name this instrument should be designated—whether a bull, a rescript, a proclamation, or simply an epistle—we cannot presume to determine. As staunch Protestants, our ignorance in the etiquette of papacy may perhaps admit of excuse. Such as the instrument is, however, we subjoin it; and our readers can judge for themselves:

> JOHN BEDE, by the grace of God, and of the Holy Apostolic See, Archbishop of Sydney, Vicar Apostolic of New Holland—
>
> To the clergy and faithful of Sydney and its environs, health and benediction.
>
> Amongst the many favours and proofs of affection with which the Supreme Ruler of the church of God on earth, His Holiness GREGORY XVI., condescended to honour us during our late visit to the Holy City, we deem not the least the singular privilege conferred, unsolicited by us, of imparting in his name and as his own act a solemn Benediction, with all the spiritual advantages thereto annexed, on the first occasion that we exercise our ministry solemnly amongst you. A plenary indulgence is attached to receiving this blessing in proper disposition. Amongst those, the principal and indispensable one is a conscience pure and free from all mortal sin—to be recovered only by a sincere contrition, which includes a detestation of all past iniquity, a renunciation of it, a determination to amend; for only souls purified from the stains of sin can be properly disposed. We therefore earnestly and tenderly entreat you, as the holy and beloved, the elect of God, during this ensuing week to prepare yourselves. In the sacrament of penance become reconciled to your good God. Refresh your souls in the sacrament of his love. Thus on Sunday next shall we most affectionately impart the paternal benediction of the Head of the Church. In the full assurance that you will gladly avail yourselves of this gracious privilege, and to give you time to obtain the dispositions required, by means of prayer and the holy sacraments, we have deferred until Sunday next the solemn assumption of our archiepiscopal functions in this our metropolitan church. In the meanwhile we pray the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ to be with you all.

Viewing this address merely as an epistle to the Roman Catholics "of Sydney and its environs," from their chief pastor, we should not have deemed it a fit subject for newspaper criticism. But it is much more than this. It is an assumption of ecclesiastical authority over the whole of this vast continent, that authority being avowedly derived from a foreign potentate. That Dr. POLDING holds office "by the grace of GOD," we presume not to question, seeing that every minister of religion, of whatever persuasion, professes to be so by the same sacred authority. But when he proclaims to the world that he is "*Archbishop of Sydney*," and "*Vicar Apostolic of New Holland*," by authority of "*the Holy Apostolic See*," we cannot but stand amazed. Had he styled himself "*Roman Catholic* Archbishop of Sydney," and "Vicar Apostolic of the *Roman Catholic Church* in New Holland," we should have had nothing to object. The true limits of his jurisdiction, and the precise compass of his sacerdotal functions, would then have stood confessed. He would have claimed nothing more than properly belongs to him—the archiepiscopal government of his own religious communion. But when he designates himself, without prefix or qualification of any kind, "Archbishop of *Sydney*," he manifestly claims archiepiscopal authority *over the entire population of Sydney*; and when he adds that he is also "Vicar Apostolic of *New Holland*, he further claims the like authority *over the entire population of New Holland!* And this sweeping assumption of power over *a whole British territory* is the more astounding, when we find that it is founded on no warrant of *British authority*, either civil or ecclesiastical, but in the investiture of a *foreign prince*, to whom British subjects not only owe no allegiance, but whose right to interfere with the British dominions is solemnly repudiated in the oath of allegiance to their own lawful SOVEREIGN.

We are not cavilling at *words*—we are not fighting with *shadows*. Could we have thought that the peculiar wording of the Roman Catholic Archbishop's style and titles had been accidental, and without insidious design, we should have cared nothing about it. But well knowing the grasping pretensions of the Romanists—that they claim to be the *only true* Church of GOD on earth, and that their Sovereign Pontiff professes to have received, from the SUPREME HEAD of the Church, ecclesiastical jurisdiction over *the whole habitable globe*—we cannot but believe that the words have been adopted deliberately and solemnly, in their strict grammatical sense, and are intended to express the full plenitude of their literal signification, without abatement or exception of any kind or of any degree. New Holland is a section of the spiritual patrimony of the Holy See of Rome. That section, in all its lengths and breadths, and with all the human souls contained within its borders, has been committed to the pastoral jurisdiction of the Most Reverend Dr. POLDING, by those infallible hands which wield the vicegerency of HEAVEN, and which hold the keys of life and death. In virtue of this paramount authority in things spiritual and divine, he is, and is designed to be, to all Romish intents and purposes, the "Archbishop of Sydney," and "Vicar Apostolic of New Holland"—and, of course, of the whole of their inhabitants. We are all the subjects of CHRIST; we are all, *therefore*, the subjects of CHRIST'S anointed vicegerent. It matters not that we *deny* this consequent, and *renounce* the Romish faith and communion: this in no way absolves us from our ecclesiastical allegiance; it but constitutes us rebels, schismatics, and heretics, exposing us to those fearful powers of coercion which, though the civil circumstances of society may cause them to lie dormant for a season, are still cherished as the inherent and immutable attributes of the One True Church.

We trust it will be apparent from these observations, that we are not actuated by what are called "illiberal" feelings towards our Roman Catholic brethren. We would leave them to worship the GOD of their fathers after the dictates of their own conscience, each sitting "under his vine and under his fig-tree, none making them afraid." But whilst we respect *their* liberties, we must be allowed to feel jealous for *our own*. We would not intrude into *their* vineyard—nor would we that they should intrude into *ours*. That, in the claims now set up by their chief pastor, they *have* so intruded, must, we think, be obvious to all candid persons, whether Protestant or Roman Catholic.

SWAN RIVER.

It is upwards of six months since we have had any intelligence from Swan River; but the *Psyche*, from Singapore to Adelaide, having touched there, we are enabled to state that the colony is in a prosperous state, and has apparently been less affected by the commercial depression with which this part of the world has been visited than any other of the Australasian settlements. The ship *Houghton Le Skerne* had been loaded with wool and oil for London, and about one hundred bales of wool were waiting for shipment. A large shipment of wethers was about being forwarded to the Mauritius. The Commissariat tenders for the year were—wheat 9s. per bushel; twenty per cent. flour £25 10s. per ton; fresh beef and mutton 6d. per lb. The Legislative Council had passed an Insolvent law; but although it had been in force three months, not a single person had taken advantage of it. The Bank of Western Australia declared a dividend for the half-year ending December, 1842, at the rate of twenty-two per cent. per annum. The above particulars are gathered from South Australian papers, our files of the Perth journals not having come to hand; and as the *Dorset* and the *Flora* both sailed from Adelaide after the arrival of the *Psyche*, we are afraid they had not been forwarded from Swan River by that vessel.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT—INSOLVENCY BUSINESS, WEDNESDAY.

BEFORE the CHIEF JUSTICE.

CONFIRMATION OF TRUSTEES.

The CHIEF COMMISSIONER moved that the election of the following trustees be confirmed, which was ordered accordingly:—

Estates.	*Elected Trustees.*
George Scott	John Walker and H. Bennett
Moore Neil Campbell	G. C. Stewart.

A similar application was afterwards made and granted for the confirmation of the following provisional trustees:—

Estates.	*Provisional Trustees.*
John Rolfe	James Lennon
William Heugh and David Logan	John Morris
John Fergusson	Henry Bennett
Richard Crampton	Henry Macdermott
James Maclehose	Joseph M'Kenna
Charles Wild	Joseph M'Kenna
John Lloyd Smith	Henry Phillips.

CERTIFICATE ORDERED.

A certificate of discharge was ordered to be issued for George Sheppard, dealer, Sydney, he having complied with the requirements of the Act.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION.

In the estate of David Warner Day, a plan of distribution had been filed, to which caveats had been lodged by Mr. Ayrane, as well as Messrs. Foss and Lloyd. The case was called on, but the complainants not appearing, it was ordered to stand over till the close of the business, when the parties who had lodged caveats were again called, but not appearing, the plan was confirmed, being as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
Total claims proved	976	16	10
Total amount realized	519	6	0
Wages and other expenses	133	19	2
Balance to credit of the estate	385	6	10

Being a dividend of 7s. 10½d. in the pound.

LAWRENCE POTTS, Trustee.

APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE.

Mr. BROADHURST applied to the Court for a certificate of discharge to be issued in favour of Mr. Samuel Peek, the Chief Commissioner having declined moving the Court to issue the same, because the application had been signed by three-fourths of the colonial creditors only.

The COURT considered that as a case somewhat similar had already been brought before Mr. Justice Burton, it was the better plan to allow the decision to stand over until his views of the case were ascertained.

IN THE ESTATE OF JOHN THOMAS WILSON.

Mr. FISHER appeared for the petitioning creditor, Mr. Saul Lyons, when the estate was ordered to be sequestrated, no opposition being offered.

APPEAL CASE.—IN THE ESTATE OF SAMUEL PEEK.

In this case the insolvent's trustees had appealed against a decision of the Chief Commissioner, who had allowed the claim of Samuel Lyons for the law expenses and damages caused by the legal proceedings connected with the sale of the Berkley estate. After counsel had been heard on both sides, the Court deferred judgment.

THE TRUSTEES OF WILSON *v.* THE TRUSTEES OF S. PEEK.

This was also an appeal case, in which the plaintiffs had objected to a decision of the Chief Commissioner, who would not allow a claim against Peek's estate for the value of two promissory notes, which had been given by Peek as an acknowledgment for two sums of money which had been paid to him as a creditor of Wilson's estate in 1840. After hearing the arguments on the case, His Honor took time to consider it, and intimated that his decision in both cases would be given at ten o'clock to-morrow.

THE ESTATE OF R. C. GORDON.

In this estate, Mr. FISHER applied for an attachment against the insolvent's trustees, for not having complied with a Judge's order to deliver up certain books, the property of Mr. Ogg.

The COURT, in consideration that the trustees might have very good reasons for retaining possession of the books, granted a rule *nisi*, returnable next court day. After which, the Court adjourned till next Wednesday.

INSOLVENCY PROCEEDINGS.

WEDNESDAY.

BEFORE the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

PROOF OF CLAIMS.

In the estate of Joseph White, a special meeting: John Rostron, £55.

In the estate of John Lett, a special meeting: the trustee of John Whitelaw, £3 12s. 8d.

NEW INSOLVENTS.

The following schedules were filed yesterday:—

No. 680. Charles Douglas Eastanghfe, of Balmain, carpenter. Debts, £35 15s.; assets, £9; balance deficiency, £27 15s.

No. 681. John Stephen Jones, of Berrima. Debts, £93 13s. 6d.; assets, £51 15s.; balance deficiency, £41 18s. 6d.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

THIS DAY, MARCH 16.

Patrick Walsh Mallon, a second meeting, at ten o'clock.

TO-MORROW, MARCH 17.

George Scott, an adjourned meeting, at ten o'clock.

James M'Dowall Cockburn, an adjourned meeting, at one.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

CITY COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY.

PRESENT: The Right Worshipful the Mayor, Aldermen Allen, Mitchell, Wilshire, Broughton, and Flood, and ten Councillors.

The TOWN CLERK read the minutes of the last meeting.

THE MAYOR'S SECRETARY.

The MAYOR enquired from the Council whether the appointment of a Secretary to himself, on the subject of which a motion was before the Council, was intended to be vested in him, or whether the Council intended to appoint one from the candidates that might offer.

Nearly the whole of the members expressed their opinion that the appointment certainly rested with the Council, although there was no doubt that any individual whom the Mayor might think fit to recommend, would at once be appointed.

The MAYOR said, he was aware that the appointment, or at all events the confirmation must rest with the Council. He had several candidates before him, and was at present undecided between them; as the Council had intimated that his choice should be confirmed, he would perhaps be prepared to name some person before the Council rose.

POLICE.

The TOWN CLERK read a letter from the Colonial Secretary, in reply to an application for constables for the George-street and the Hay and Corn Market, enclosing a letter which been sent to Mr. Commissioner Miles on the subject. The substance of the latter letter was, that henceforth Mr. Miles would be styled Commissioner of Police; that title, however, to give him no precedence over other Police Magistrates; and that he would be appointed a Police Magistrate of Sydney; that besides superintending the executive duties of the police, he would also be expected to give his assistance on the Bench whenever a pressure of business or the absence of other magistrates should render it necessary; that with respect to the police, he was to take all his orders from the Government, but at the same time to afford every assistance to the Mayor and Corporation, with whom it would be his duty to be as frank and candid as with any portion of the Government. Further, that while the Corporation would require constables for duties which were not strictly Police duties, such as for the markets, the Government would also require them for attending at Court Houses, conveying prisoners for trial, &c., and that whatever difference there might be in the cost of these matters, if any, might be adjusted between the Government and the Corporation at the end of the year; the constables at out-stations, not to exceed eight in number, to be paid for by the Government.

WATER COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The report from the Water Committee was handed in and ordered to be read.

Mr. EGAN said, before the report was read, he would mention one matter which had been reported to him. It was that the hose formerly used in supplying shipping with water from the Dockyard had not been given up to the person now in charge appointed by the Corporation, and considerable inconvenience was caused thereby. He had no doubt that if a letter were addressed to the Government on the subject, the Harbour Master would at once be instructed to give the hose up to the man in charge of the water for the Corporation.

The Town Clerk was directed to make an application to the Government on the subject.

The report of the Water Committee was next read. It stated that complaints had been made that captains of vessels were in the habit of supplying themselves from the fountains instead of coming to the proper places, and recommended that steps should be taken to prevent such proceedings. It enumerated various tenders which had been received for the works necessary at the water pipes in Hyde Park, and recommended the acceptation by the Council of the tender of Mr. Morris. Further, the committee recommended the appointment of a Superintendent of the Water Works, at a salary of £120 per annum; also of two turncocks, one for the northern, and another for the southern portion of the City; and also of two men to supersede the two government men at Lachlan Swamp.

The report was ordered to be received.

LIGHTING COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

Alderman WILSHIRE brought up the report of the Committee appointed to consider and report upon the most suitable means of lighting the city; which was ordered to be read.

The report (which we have not now space to insert) was a very lengthy one; and attached to it was also a lengthy appendix. It first enumerated the charges proposed to be made by the Gas Company, for furnishing the city with the required number of lamp-posts, lamps, &c.; about £7 for each lamp, pillar, &c., and the annual rent of 12s., being ten per cent. on the cost price; with the understanding, that the Corporation will eventually purchase the whole from the Company. The report went on to state the number of gas lamps which the Committee deemed necessary, one hundred and eighty-four, which would cost, according to the Company's prices, £1931 4s. per annum, or for two hundred, £2020; and these two hundred lamps the Committee thought might be so distributed as to warrant a rate being levied by assessment on the property situate in the streets which would be lighted, under the 74th section of the Act, of 1½d. in the pound. The report then addressed itself to the question, as to whether it would not be more expedient to purchase the pillars, &c., at once, to be paid for by an extraordinary rate to be levied for the purpose. The Committee express a decided opinion that the charges of the Gas Company are much too high, and suggest that it would perhaps be better to light the City with oil; and if the offers of the Gas Company be accepted, the Committee recommend that those portions of the town which cannot, from a variety of causes, be lighted with gas, should at once be lighted with oil. The report goes into lengthy arguments in support of the views of the Committee, referring to prices in the mother country, parliamentary documents, &c., on the subject of lighting.

Mr. MACDERMOTT moved that the report be adopted; it was the most able report that had as yet been produced to the Council.

Alderman MITCHELL had no hesitation in seconding Mr. Macdermott's motion.

Alderman ALLEN moved as an amendment, that the report be received, and printed for distribution amongst members as speedily as possible. The report was of too much importance to be thus hastily disposed of; it was a very voluminous report, and had now only just been read, and he did not think the Council could be prepared to entertain it. He certainly was a shareholder in the Gas Company, but he cared very little whether the City was lighted with gas or with oil; indeed he had heard that the Company were losing by the street lamps. It was however, in his opinion, of the highest importance that the City should be thoroughly lighted; if it were not, neither our houses nor our property would be safe, and lighting was of equal importance with watching. Here we had only one Gas Company; and if that Company, to protect itself, thought it necessary to ask higher prices than the Council thought right for the people to pay, then it would be the duty of the Council to refuse to have any thing to do with the Company, but not hastily to adopt a report like this, without giving it any consideration whatever.

Mr. HUNT said, he perfectly agreed with what appeared to be the object of the Committee, namely, to make as good a bargain as possible for the city; but, at the same time, he was not prepared at once to adopt the report. He thought Mr. Allen was right, and he should second the amendment, that the report be printed immediately, for circulation amongst members, in order that a day might be fixed for taking it into consideration.

Mr. HOLDEN said, he must support the amendment: he was of opinion that no report should be adopted without having been fully considered; he had, at one time, thought the Water Committee's report a very good one, and it was only since it was adopted that he had learnt, from parties very well informed on the matter, that it was very deficient.

Mr. HOLLINSHED quite agreed with those who were against adopting the report immediately. He thought the Council should consider well, however, before they made any contract whatever with the Gas Company. The Company was bound to light the City "better" than with oil, and "cheaper" should also have been in the Act, but they managed to get it struck out. The Company now, however, was asking far more than the Corporation ought to give; and the Council should not forget that to some extent they (the Council) had the law in their own hands: the Company could not lay a pipe without coming to the City Surveyor, and asking his permission to open drains and so forth, and if the Company would not be reasonable, all the Council would have to do would be to instruct their Surveyor not to permit the Company to lay down one of their pipes.

Mr. TAYLOR, one of the Committee, said that they had in their enquiry gone most minutely into every particular, and if the Company could not go on without charging such enormously high prices there must be something radically wrong in it from beginning to end, and the Council at all events would not be justified in having anything to do with gas at all for the present.

Mr. HOLLINSHED said, that he had just had a letter put into his hands from a party offering to supply the Corporation with pillars, &c., of colonial manufacture, for £6 5s., for which the company were asking more than £7.

Mr. MACDERMOTT said, he had no wish to press his motion, but on the contrary, was prepared to withdraw it. He hoped, however, that no holder of shares in the company would vote on the question when it came to be finally decided. It appeared that the council had the power by a simple instruction to the surveyor, to put the gas company into a corner; he should not wish to exercise this power, and he was the more willing that the report should be maturely considered, as it would afford the secretary the time to look over his notes, and enable him perhaps to discover the error which one of the members had just said must have existed from the beginning; or if gas must be had, a new company might start, and it would be no bad beginning to be ensured the lighting of a city like Sydney.

The amendment was then put and carried, and it was ordered accordingly "That the report, together with the appendix, be printed, for circulation amongst members.

WATER COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

This report was brought under consideration. On the motion of Alderman MITCHELL, Mr. Morris's tender, previously alluded to, was accepted by the Council.

A lengthy conversation ensued as to the propriety of calling for tenders for the repairing and keeping in order, fountains, pumps, pipes, &c., instead of appointing a person as superintendent to see that they were kept in order.

The majority of the Council were of opinion that it would be impossible to do such work by tender, as it could not be ascertained what quantity of work would be required.

It was finally resolved that Mr. Dair, being the only applicant qualified for such a situation, be appointed superintendent of water-pipes, fountains, &c., at a salary of £120 per annum, finding the usual security for the due performance of his duties.

George Thew and Michael Nagle, were appointed turncocks, at a salary of 24s. per week; and W. B. Parker and R. Morrong were appointed to the station at Lachlan Swamp.

OFFICES.

A lengthy conversation took place as to when the offices for the various departments connected with the Corporation would be completed, so that the officers might go into them. Especial allusion was made to the Town Clerk's department. This officer complained that there was not sufficient accommodation for him at present, and the rooms that were allotted to him were not sufficiently furnished. As to being always on the premises, he could not without neglecting his own private business, which indeed had already much suffered. It was replied that the Council had no wish that the Town Clerk should be in constant attendance, but that the Clerks who were paid by the Council ought to be, and that every accommodation that the Town Clerk required would be given him. It was again complained of by the Mayor, that nothing had been done towards furnishing a room for him. The conversation terminated on the understanding that those employed by the Council in the Town Clerk's department were to be always in attendance at the Council Chambers, and that all papers and documents connected with the Corporation were to be kept at the Council Chambers; and on the part of the Furniture Committee it was desired that the Mayor would cause his room to be furnished at the expense of the Corporation.

THE MARKETS.

A letter from the City Treasurer, complaining that there were a number of defaulters in the George-street markets, about thirty, was read; and on the motion of Mr. EGAN, seconded by Mr. PEACOCK, a resolution was passed, stating the duties of the Clerks of the Markets, namely, to collect rents and dues, and tolls, and to see to the cleanliness of the markets, &c.

The Town Clerk was directed to proceed against such of the parties as had signed the bonds for payment of rent, and to give instructions for the summary ejectment of all who did not pay their rent.

On the motion of Alderman FLOOD, the Council adjourned to Monday next, at 3 P.M.

CONDITION OF EMIGRANTS IN NEW SOUTH WALES.

UNDER this head we find the following paragraph in a late number of the *Liverpool Albion*, a paper having an extensive circulation in the northern manufacturing districts of England:—

> We have in our possession a letter, from a family who emigrated from this country in 1841, and arrived at Sydney, on the 7th January, in the present year. The letter, which bears date 10th March, 1842, gives a deplorable account of the condition of the immigrants in that part of the colony, of whom, in Sydney alone, there were not less than fifteen hundred unemployed. The writer says, he was shocked at the desolate account which he heard of the place long before his arrival, but he found the reality fully equal to his worst anticipation. His own trade (that of engineer, we believe) was of no use to him, as there is not employment, he states, for more than six of his occupation altogether, there being only two steamboats in the country. Unemployed joiners were walking about the streets by dozens, and millwrights and mechanics had gone up the country as shepherds, their remuneration being £25 a-year and their food. The writer had only had two days' work at his trade since he arrived, and there was no prospect of obtaining further employment. He was, however, better off than hundreds who were about him, as he had some humble friends and a little money. The former exerted themselves to procure services for his family, but the latter was, to use his own expression, "wasting very fast." The rents even of small houses are so exceedingly high that the Government provide canvass tents, in which the immigrants sleep in the field. The writer of the letter and his family were lodged in this manner for a week, but they were compelled to remove, as the rain drenched them from head to foot, and they suffered severely in health. They then took a very small house, the rent of which was ten shillings per week. Anxious to make their bread by honest industry, they determined upon manufacturing ginger-beer, but they discovered that they could not vend this article without a license, which could not be obtained till they had been settled twelve months in the colony. The next thought of the immigrant, who appears to be a man of energy and enterprise, was to purchase a horse and cart, and to go into the woods and cut timber for firewood, which appears, by the account, to be a really profitable occupation. For this, however, he found, on inquiry, that his finances would not be sufficient, as he could not purchase a horse alone for less than £40 or £45. One of the females of his family was fortunate enough to obtain what he calls "a very good place," as nursemaid, at a remuneration of 1s. 6d. per week. Another had been employed, for a fortnight, to nurse a female during and after her accouchement, for which she received 5s. per week. From this it would appear, that the wages of domestic servants are much lower in Sydney than in England. The writer of the letter was at length glad to accept an engagement to go forty miles into the country, with his wife and three children, to work at a farm, with no other remuneration than food for himself and his family. The provisions allowed he describes as coarse and scanty, "hardly sufficient to keep body and soul together." The writer, in many parts of his letter, says he is completely broken-hearted.

In Sydney such a grossly exaggerated statement as this would of course have no effect—the palpable untruths of almost every assertion must be apparent to all who have any knowledge of the state of Sydney about twelve months since; but the publication of a letter of this kind, at a distance, is calculated to have the most mischievous effect. How, for instance, could any man have the stupidity, as well as the criminal impudence to say that there are only two steamboats in this colony, when there are eighteen? can any other motive be attributed to the writer of an assertion of this nature, than that he was anxious to prevent persons in his own trade coming out, in order that the employers of labour of the description requisite for the repair of steamboats, might be at the mercy of their men? It is impossible that the writer, who describes himself as an engineer, could have been mistaken: every person connected with the trade in the most remote degree, must have known that Mr. Grose had steam boats—that Mr. Boyd had steamboats—and that there were two Steam Navigation Companies.

Then again, as to the tents for the immigrants, what was the case? The Government erected temporary barracks for the use of emigrants upon their arrival in the colony, in order that they might have better opportunities of procuring employment; but in consequence of the number of immigrants who arrived about the beginning of last year, tents were put up for the accommodation of those who could not find room in the barracks. But the use of the tents was entirely gratuitous, and had no reference whatever to the rents, which were at that time undoubtedly very heavy. The price of a horse fit to draw in wood is stated to have been £40 or £45, although it is well known that horse-stock for the last two years has been ruinously low priced, £25 being the price of a gelding fit for a gentleman to ride. The female who is stated to have obtained a situation as nursemaid at one shilling and sixpence per week, we presume was a girl of eleven or twelve years of age; at any rate we never heard of the wages of a domestic servant being less than £11 a year, and £13 we have no doubt would be nearer the average, while at present £15 is the lowest sum asked, with an addition of from £1 to £5 a year, according to the skill of the servant in cooking and washing. We have thus noticed one or two of the points that are most glaringly incorrect; and although we have not noticed the numbers stated to have been out of employment, it is not because we are not satisfied that these were greatly exaggerated, but because we know that under such circumstances false impressions are naturally created, and that the best intentioned men may be deceived, and our object in writing this is to show the wilful misstatements which the writer has been guilty of. There is no doubt that letters of this kind have a temporary effect in preventing persons from coming to the colony, but as they give opportunities of correcting error, and thereby circulating truth, we question whether they do any permanent injury.

OCCUPATION LICENSES.

THIS DAY, at eleven o'clock at the Colonial Treasury, the Colonial Treasurer will put up to auction, the Licenses to occupy, under the regulations of the 21st August, 1841, the following portions of land, for one year, from the 1st day of April, 1843.

BATHURST.—1. 750 acres, at Grabine, about three miles south-west of the village reserve of Grabine, on the Lachlan River. 2. 640 acres, parish of Torreas. 8. 640 acres, at the confluence of Rocky Bridge Creek with Reedy Creek.

ROXBURGH.—3. 640 acres, parish of Eskdale, near the head of Winburndale Rivulet.

MURRAY.—4, 5. 640 acres each, near Micaligo.

HUNTER.—6. 640 acres, at Yengo, near the Bulgo Road.

GEORGIANA.—7. 800 acres, at the confluence of Rocky Bridge Creek with Reedy Creek. 9—18. 640 acres each, at the Red Ground.

PHILLIP.—19. 640 acres, near the Belgama Mountains, at the Cudjegong River. 20. 800 acres, near the Cudjegong River.

NORTHUMBERLAND.—21, 22. 640 acres each, at Dory Creek, Lake Macquarie, near the head of Dory Creek.

DURHAM.—23. 1000 acres, on the Allyn River. 24. 900 acres, same place, opposite lot 23.

THE COMET.

Up! up to the sky! the starry sky! its bright
  effulgence shone,
Amid the shining myriads there, the only
  lovely one;
And the column of shadowy beams it shed, in
  its spectral beauty seem'd,
Like the memory of the eager hope, our
  raptured boyhood dream'd.

Up! up! to the sky! the starry sky; where
  in dreams we love to dwell,
Where the sadden'd heart and the mournful
  soul their tale of sorrow tell;
The starry sky where faith and love have
  rear'd their holy shrine,
The home of our earthly visions, the end of
  our dreams divine.

Wild and mysterious stranger, that dared
  unquestion'd come,
Within the hallow'd precincts of that bright
  and glorious home;
What art thou, and whence comest thou, and
  what thine errand here,
Usurper of the realms on high, in thy beamy
  robes of fear!

Dost thou come like the mantled prophet, in
  the mystic days gone by,
Fraught with thy dire foretellings, from the
  glorious reign on high;
Or as the pillar of fire which led the Hebrews
  on their path,
Unto the promised land of rest, through scenes
  of fear and wrath?

Herald of mighty changes, dim and portentous
  star,
Wilt thou bear a message from the earth to
  the shining orbs afar;
Wilt thou speak her mournful greeting to her
  brother worlds on high,
In thy wild and trackless pilgrimage through
  the broad unbounded sky?

Tell, tell them as thou shinest, that sorrow
  like a veil,
Hath shrouded with its sadness, her face so
  dim and pale;
That the murmurs of her voice were fraught,
  with human woes and fears,
And that all the signs upon her were the signs
  of grief and tears.

Go, go, thou shining wanderer, away on thy
  mystic path,
The wreck of some shatter'd system, doom'd
  by its Maker's wrath;
Ghost of some realm departed, shadow of
  worlds gone by,
Away on thy phantom errand, thou dazzling
  mystery!

Speed on thy lonely journey, where brighter
  planets reign;
And when, in thine own period, thou seekest
  the earth again,
Thy beams on the graves shall glimmer, pale
  star of awe and dread,
Where the eyes that now gaze upon thee lie
  mouldering and dead.

E. K. S.

March 11, 1843.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—ST. ANDREWS.—It has been found, in consequence of the rapid increase in the numbers of the congregation, that the temporary building erected near St. Andrew's Cathedral is not sufficiently large. It will be remembered, that the building was put up on a scale to accommodate two hundred and eighty persons, and it has been overcrowded ever since it was first opened. There is an addition to be made at the east-end, that is fronting George-street, of a transept running north and south, fifty-five feet in length by twenty-five in breadth, having a gallery at each end for the accommodation of schools in connexion with the Church. This alteration will afford accommodation for about three hundred and fifty persons more than the present building. A fine window, fourteen feet high by seven wide, filled in with stained glass, will front George-street. The chancel under the window will be twenty-five feet long by nine wide. The present gallery at the western end is to be made double its present width, ten feet instead of five, and a new vestry is in course of building, the present being so small that no sufficient accommodation is afforded. A new and larger porch is also in course of erection. The estimated cost of the addition is £450, which has to be raised by voluntary contributions.

THE ASSEMBLY HALL.—The foundation and other stonework for the new Assembly Hall are very nearly finished, and it was anticipated that the brickwork would have been finished on Saturday next had it not been for the rain, which has put a stop to the operations of the builders. There is no doubt, however, that the building will be finished by the time which was originally fixed for its completion.

APPOINTMENTS.—The following notice appeared in last Tuesday's *Government Gazette*: "The Right Worshipful the Mayor of the City of Sydney, in pursuance of the power vested in him, by an Act of the Governor and Legislative Council of New South Wales, passed in the 6th year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled, 'An Act to provide for the division of the Colony of New South Wales into Electoral Districts, and for the Election of Members to serve in the Legislative Council,' has appointed the following persons to make out a list, to be called the Electoral List of persons entitled to vote in Elections for Members of Council, in respect to property within the Electoral District of Sydney, viz.: *Gipps Ward*—Mr. Henry Smeathman, Mr. John Hume. *Bourke's Ward*—Mr. George Sippi, Mr. John Moring. *Brisbane Ward*—Mr. William Herd, Mr. John Peck. *Macquarie Ward*—Mr. Jeremiah M'Crohan, Mr. Francis Low. *Cook's Ward*—Mr. Colin Pentland, Mr. John Hylan. *Phillip's Ward*.—Mr. William Currey, Mr. Robert Bourne. CHARLES H. CHAMBERS, Town Clerk. Town Clerk's Office, Sydney, 10th March, 1843."

FISH AS AN ARTICLE OF DIET.—Fish is a most important article of food, and in all parts of the world affords one of the principal means of subsistence to people residing near the coasts, on the shores of lakes, or on the banks of rivers. The more northern parts of Europe, Asia, and America, produce very few nutritious vegetables, and the inhabitants of those places would die of famine if they were unable to procure fish in great abundance. Fish contains large quantities of albuminous and gelatinous matter, which are frequently united with a considerable portion of oil; though nutritive it is light, and not stimulating, and therefore is often of great service as an article of food to invalids. It does not favour the rapid development of the solid parts of the body, on which account the jockeys of our race-courses, during the time they are trying to reduce their weight, live principally on it. The ancient Egyptians and Syrians abstained altogether from fish. Pythagoras prohibited his disciples from eating it; and the Greek heroes considered it a kind of folly to induce effeminacy, and therefore unworthy of a man. The early Romans entertained similar opinions respecting fish, and seldom ate any: though at a later period of their history it seems to have been a very favourite kind of food with them, and they partook of several kinds, such as the dogfish, echinus, starfish, and porpoise, which are now seldom eaten in Europe.—*Dr. Trueman on Food.*

ORIGINAL POETRY.—A correspondent, who says he knows that we are delighted with poetry, the composition of a *son* of the soil, has favoured us with some "Lines by a young Australian, extemporaneously written upon his sister hitting him with a poker." The lines sent us are only the commencement, but we are promised the "hole" if we insert that which has been sent. We are sorry we cannot oblige our correspondent, but in order that our readers may have a taste of his quality, we insert the last four lines of the first part:—

And then I fell with a great yell,
And then I cut my stick,
And home I goes to tell my woes,
My head is not so thick.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.—Mr. C. Williams, the auctioneer, who filed his schedule a few days since, could not get the valuator of his property to affix any value upon his cottage and farm, situate in a very pretty spot on the banks of the Yarra, close to town. The property, including the improvements, cost the proprietor, about two years ago, upwards of £1800. The valuator said, that after the fruitless attempt to sell Glenferrie the other day (which cost a similar sum) for £350, he really could not say that Mr. Williams's property was worth any thing! Verily, things have come to a pretty pass.—*Port Phillip Herald.*

BOOK SALE.—Mr. Heydon of King-street, will have a sale of books, maps, prints, &c., to-night, as per advertisement.—*Communicated.*

REGINA *v.* GORDON AND OTHERS.—This case, which has occupied four days, was concluded yesterday by the observations of counsel, Darvall and Fisher on behalf of the defendants, and Mr. Broadhurst's reply in support of the prosecution. The defendants called no witnesses, relying on the absence of any *prima facie* case against them. The presiding magistrate, Mr. J. R. Brenan, at the close of the proceedings, stated, that he should examine the evidence on behalf of the prosecution before he should make any decision, at the same time suggesting that he did not as yet see any evidence of any criminal intent on the part of the defendants, Messrs. Ogg and Clark, although some of the statements which appeared to have been made by Mr. Gordon were not apparently justified. The decision will be given to-morrow at eleven o'clock.

THE COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS.—This Court continues its sittings to-day. About forty cases have been disposed of, of which about twenty-four terminated in the prisoners being discharged. In the other cases, short sentences to the treadmill, female factory, or gaol, were awarded.

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—Mr. E. S. Hughes, formerly collecting clerk to Messrs. Levicks and Younger, of Sydney, was drowned whilst crossing the River Hawkesbury a few days since, at the place known as the Punt; he was assisting a stockman to get his cattle across the river, and being unable to swim was accidentally drowned, owing to the overflow of the river.

THE POLICE COURT BUSINESS.—Yesterday there were fourteen cases on the general list, of which thirteen were remanded, and John Stapleton, who was in custody for being disorderly in the street, was discharged. The drunkards' list contained nine cases, of which two were discharged, four paid 11s. each, one had the choice of paying a guinea, or grinding for forty-eight hours; and George Donald, and Joseph Chowne, each paid a guinea for a discharge.

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

BERRIMA.

THE Assizes were as unexpectedly as speedily terminated, to the great satisfaction of the jurors, although the publicans and innkeepers were somewhat disappointed; these have, however, made a good harvest with the Sessions and the Assizes. The trial of Beech and the woman Dunkley was originally fixed for Monday. Beech is a tall, powerful-looking young fellow; he holds a ticket-of-leave. The woman Dunkley is an elderly woman, of a most forbidding aspect; it is understood that she has confessed quite enough to hang her.

A most mischievous report was brought into Berrima on Saturday, by a person said to be named Campbell, who rode to Chief Constable Chapman's house, and stated that the bushrangers had broken out from Stonequarry lockup, and had shot a constable through the chest. This statement he offered to repeat to the Police Magistrate, and his horse was put into Chief Constable Chapman's stable—and fed—and the story duly repeated to Captain Allman. The police were ordered out on the road, and had gone to some distance, when they were met by Mr. Weston, formerly Governor of the Sydney Gaol, who contradicted the report altogether. In the mean time Mr. Campbell had gone on the road.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

A WORD ABOUT THE ELECTIONS.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

> Ædificare casas, plostello adjungere mures,
> Ludere par impar, equitare in arundine longa,
> Siquem delectet barbatum, amentia versit.
>
> *Horace.*

> Help, neighbours, help! for God's sake come with
>   speed,
> For of your help there never was such need;
> Midwives, make haste, and dress ye as ye run—
> Either come quickly or we're all undone.
> The World 's in labour; for throes come so thick
> That with the pangs she 's wax'd stark lunatic!
>
> *Drayton's Moonecalf.*

GENTLEMEN,—Abundance of scurrility, brawling, and verbiage, has been bandied to and fro by the various rival showmen at the late election exhibitions in this district, yet it would perplex the most discerning scrutiniser to discover the cause of this all-absurd display of glowing mock-oratory. The lion lashes himself into fury with his own tail, without being able to assign a reason or show a cause for the perpetration of such intemperate leonine folly and ill humour; and it is doubtful whether a single declaimer of the fraternity would be more successful or more intelligible if he attempted to render a reason for his barbarous and passionate vociferation. The monarch of the forest gives the loudest roar, and his subjects tremble and obey—not because they understand one word of what he says, but solely because it is the roar of a *bigger beast* than themselves: so our worthy electors have been roared into blind obedience by the fury and impetuosity of declamatory bombast. A storm has been raised in every bosom, and a ferment in the blood, the consequences of which are fearful to contemplate.

It is, therefore, time a truce were sounded. The blood of the belligerents should have time to cool, lest it should inflame by the increasing excitement; for madness is the least formidable effect that can be expected from the morbid irritability occasioned to the brain by unwonted and excessive exertion.

I will admit, the motives which actuate all men at this spirit-stirring time ought to plead in extenuation of every extravagance. But if we choose to run into wild transports of mirth and bustle on the occasion of having received a boon, or a supposed boon, we have no right to be led by the nose by persons who have no better qualifications as leaders than the boisterous and illiberal sounds they utter. The more sound the less sense. The Hebrews have, or had, a pretty maxim expressive of the emptiness of such aspirants to fame: "Shake a farthing in an empty bottle and it will cry tis, tis!" It will utter an empty sound.

Think for yourselves, then, my fellow-electors; leave noisy disingenuity to itself, and it will sneak into its own kennel. You have obtained but the shadow of your rights, doled out to you with a niggard hand; but rejoice over it, you may get no more. Even this is a mockery; but rejoice, for your joy will soon be turned into mourning. We know the past,—we have the present before us,—but the future is yet in the womb of time! Enjoy the present, therefore, as an inheritance of inestimable worth, which must soon glide from your possession, to be succeeded by another *present*. These moments are the last we can ever devote to the expiring liberty of Australia. And what son of Australia will be found to limit his joy, or set bounds to his festivity, while he may rejoice with the Genius of Freedom still presiding over his transports? It has often been remarked that men have become suddenly and without cause unusually excited and joyous before the advent of some fearful calamity in which they are to be involved. So, it is to be feared, there is a fateful omen in the present unaccountable elevation of men's spirits. The Romans granted a day of freedom to their slaves once in every year, when all past cares and painful reminiscences were absorbed in the riot, folly, and intemperance of the few hours they were permitted to consecrate to liberty; and with this anniversary return of the ghost of their birthrights they were content: for when evening again closed upon their freedom, they quietly submitted to their chains. The present moments are our Saturnalia, and like the Roman bondmen we seem to enjoy the fleeting present with a fruition as inordinate and portentous as if they were to usher in a long and hopeless night of future slavery: and such a night will assuredly soon supersede the remains of the little independence we possess. Some of the sons of Australia have forged their own chains, and they merit the severe destiny that awaits them. They grew discontented with the enjoyment of all the blessings resulting from prosperity; and lest others should share the like good fortune, and equal themselves in their high estates, they kicked down the ladder by which they had climbed. Their day of retribution has already dawned upon them, and the only regret that arises out of the certainty of their punishment is, that others who deserve it not are implicated in their ruin. They have kindled a beacon in the land, whose glare, as they intended, withdraws the public gaze from their demerits for the present, and all eyes are eagerly turned to it, as if it would light them to fame and fortune and independence; but the mark of a demon is upon its brightness—it is the fallacious glare of an *ignis fatuus*, which is destined to "lure them to their doom." It has already emitted a lying spirit into the circumstance of the times—it has given a new and deceitful direction to the current of men's thoughts—and it has already infused the gall and wormwood of disappointment into many a heart. The genius of perversity has cast a charm before men's eyes and they have all at once discovered that they are no longer what they were, nor what they should be; but what they are they cannot tell. A wizard-touch has effected a miraculous change in their natures, for, like Boniface upon his ale, they live upon idle declamation. They eat, they drink, and they sleep upon election. Election is the hobby they bestride, and it leads them into the mire; election is their idol, for to them it represents the God of Liberty. *Recti apud nos locum tenet error.* The people of Abdera once upon a time went to hear Hipponax recite his newly invented Iambics, and the heads of all the people of Abdera were turned with the novelty, and they could not for the life of them talk anything but Iambics for the next fortnight. So strangely are we influenced by example and changed by trifles, we are turned and twisted into every shape and form that suits the interest or the caprice of the twister; our whole life from the cradle to the grave is a routine of servile and fantastic evolutions; and, if they were on the earth, Heraclitus would weep, and Democritus laugh, at the weakness of poor human nature, as it is marched and countermarched according to the whim of the drill sergeant who at present rules our gambols.

> The midwife wheels us in,
> And death he wheels us out—
> O lack a day! how we are wheel'd about.

One gentleman of honest pretensions enters the public arena and shakes our toil-embrowned and hoofy hands, and hopes we will honour him with our confidence, and immediately he carries all the votes. Another makes it convenient to assure us, we are all irreclaimable noodles, and that he came from a far country where every sucking turkey is a Solomon, entirely for our benefit. O the rogue! Pull off his shoe and you will see the cloven foot—*ex ungue leonem*. But let that pass. He pats our wives under the chin, and expatiates on the roses and lilies which still bloom freshly on their cheeks. The youngsters, too—their pretty eyes—how like their mother. Are those sugar plums, mamma, in the gentleman's hand?—the gentleman buttons up his pocket! No matter: he has condescended to beg our votes; it is too much to withstand. Human nature can bear no more, and so we pledge our votes. Thus, "pleased with the feather, tickled with the straw," the excitement drives us stark mad. The wand of Prospero did not more effectually subdue the savage nature of Caliban, than these trifling events have stupified the understandings of all parties; and in the true spirit of patriotism, they have with one consent renounced the management of all domestic concerns, trade, business, and speculation: each exclaims, *Odeo profanum vulgus et arceo.* "I hate vulgar occupations, and wish them at the devil." They have left

> all meaner things
> To low ambition and the pride of kings,

and betaken themselves to the path of glory; each follows the bent of his native genius—genius which shall no longer be cramped by the narrow precincts of shops, and stalls, and stables, but will soar into the regions of—gin-shops? One finds himself led by the *spirit* to the profession of village politician; another has got a call to the post of suburban demagogue; another is impelled by the lofty prompting of his nature to assume the office of bully-general to his party; and a fourth, whom the hand of nature has flung from her in disgust, identifies himself at once with the humble calling of whipper in to the rats; and

> *Græculus esuriens, in cœlum jusseris ibit.*
> "Bid him go to hell, to hell he goes."

And why all this ugly metamorphosis of sobriety and common sense into such monstrous manifestations of folly, which nothing but the return of the good old golden age of the colony could sanction? It is for freedom! answers a fellow just loosened from his hobbles; for Scott, manufactures, and population, cries a lisping man-milliner; for Wentworth and Australia, pipes out a new fledged cornstalk, who knows not the difference between Wentworth and a lollypop. But why should the boy be left in ignorance? Let me explain to him the meaning of the present tumult of passions, and pursuits, and expectations. It pleases me "to teach the young idea how to shoot."

Well, my little tassel-pate, you have heard of an old woman of the name of England; old grandmother England then is your father's mother, who in her tenderness and compassion has condescended to present her little grandchildren out here at the antipodes with a nice pie, and as little boys are fond of knowing what pies are made of, I will tell you how this is composed. It is made of one feather out of the wing of liberty, chopped up and mixed with about twenty pounds weight of delicious new-fashioned sugar-plums called shackles, which old grandmother England's confectioner, a chap they call Stanley, has formed into all manner of queer shapes, such as taxes, bridges, roads, poor-rates, mayors, village-lamps, paving, lighting, watching, and *prisons*, because you know, my little corney,

> Him as prigs what isn't his'n,
> When he's cotched he's sent to pris'n.

Now all these pretty gimcracks are mixed up with a sort of sweet-meat called *gammon*, and a large quantity of a nauseating fluid known by the name of contempt. They are all pounded and kneaded together in a place they call the Cabinet Council, and baked at the large state oven in Downing-street. Every thing under the sun has a name, and they have given this pie the inapplicable name of freedom, which is the natural inheritance of every son of Adam: but men will not allow each other to enjoy it. The strong man robs the weak, and the rich, the poor; and kings, autocrats, and republics are most voracious of all: but of these, republics in reality possess the smallest share, when they have any. They wish it all to themselves, and none of them possess it; for it became disgusted with the injustice and tyranny of civilized man, and fled off to the wilds; and the savage alone is the lord of freedom; and with him it will remain till the millennium. But to return to the pie. This pretty piece of pastry, which consists of so small a portion of our natural rights, has just landed on our shores with a great many cautions about its use. Our old dry nurse here, says we must use it sparingly; and our kind-hearted old grandam writes—"you know my little dears you are not yet in a condition to take large mouthfuls of it; it is so very peppery, and apt to make young people nice, inquisitive, and insubordinate; and this would never do: you are neither old enough nor strong enough yet to bear the first working of a large bite of it, for it acts like physic,—it purges people of old prejudices, and makes them morbidly clear-sighted, liberal-minded—but noisy, determined, and obstinate,—and apt to refuse to learn their lessons and swallow the brimstone and treacle for their health every week. Besides, my children, it makes young folks think for themselves; and what mare, and a very sore subject of thought me, it is likely to make them also act for mselves. This would never do. For all se reasons, therefore, I have just sent you little bit of the crust to try its working: take ry small pieces, and make it go far, for erty is a very dear article to Englishmen, ssure you, and they cannot afford at this ne to part with much." There, my tulip, at will you say to Grandma for all her ndness? "Generous parent, what a debt gratitude do we not owe thee! and how ll we repay thy kindness fifty years hence, en we, thy distant offspring, shall have come numerous, and lusty, and brave, and e? The expression of our gratitude will ill to thy very heart in sounds of thunder, then the sons of Australia will greet thee th a withering 'Hurrah for independence!'"

Well done thou pink of cornstalks; you talk e a Roman, and I hope before long to hear ery brother you have, not only talk, but l and think, and act, like one; now trot on, d hurrah for whom you please, while I conue to tell your elder brothers that it is really s you are beslavered, bewitched, and beinned—and still you swallow the mess. so, but remember there is a hook in it; d when once it is fastened in your throat, antipodes, get it out if you can. You beve you have obtained a boon, a free gift to ich you had neither right nor title but at arose from the goodness of the giver, do ? They have given you a bill, defining ur rights, but confining them within such nds as they never knew before. England d ——— have reduced you to an abyss misery and wretchedness from which you l not emerge for the next twenty years; d in the midst of this distress and poverty are told you have been graciously fared with a bill. For what? to render you times more wretched than before; for it l force you against your own inclinations, d will continue to force you, to add ormously to the very evils you are strugng to surmount. You have asked for ead and they have given you a ne; for a fish and they have given a serpent. Henceforth, in a barren untry, incapable of supporting itself, you l be obliged to tax yourselves to the very ttom of your purses. If you will pay for a histle, in God's name let it be such a whistle will be heard all the way to England. Let ound in their ears day and night—a prayer take back their gewgaws, and give you back good old times—to give you back cheap d, cheap labour, protection for your proty, and, above all, to give back those orial conditions of colonization, those original ouragements and inducements to leave our mes, with all their transcendant comforts d blessings, to come to the utmost limits of earth to sink or swim in a slop-pail. Let ound in her ears, a memento of the fate of ston, the career of Washington, and the wnfall of royalty in America. Such things not happen here at present, but the time y come.

You have got a glimpse of freedom, and, oxicated with the sight, you vote, and dge your votes, with the blind ardour of thusiasts, without once reflecting what may afterwards be made of those y votes when self-interest shall dica course of representation which best accord with the private views of him om you have blindly entrusted with your mb of independence; and thus a culpable l will hurry you into a maze of inextrile difficulties. You hasten to impose a rden on your own shoulders, from which shall never again have the power of exrating yourselves; it will adhere to you h all the pertinacity of the Old Man of Sea; and all your writhings and disconst shall not disengage you of the parasitic umbrance. The pressure of rates and es, when once felt, will be lasting; and are likely to experience them soon enough hout impiously lending a suicidal hand to ir imposition, or to the creation of a power t shall impose them. You are like the gs, which became discontented with the et, peaceful, and prosperous reign of King ; you have long sported in the sunshine fortune and prosperity, and the mild sway that anomalous power like King Log, der which you rose to affluence, has become ling and irksome from its very gentleness d ease; and you are on the eve of accept, with insane precipitancy, from the benence of Jupiter Stanley, not one serpent a king, but thirty:—*timeo Danaos et a ferentes.*

I am, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
YANKEE-DOODLE.

Maitland, 12th March, 1843.

COMETS.

the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

NTLEMEN,—The appearance of such an ect in the heavens as a comet naturally racts the attention not only of the scientific, also of the uninformed on these subjects, d doubtless there are many in this part of world who have not before this time witsed such a beautiful sight as that presented us at this moment. Considering also the ious opinions and speculations on the gin of these bodies, and the periods being distant and inexplicable at which they ear, I am induced to offer a few remarks their construction and influence; also to duce extracts from the best authorities, of e of those which have appeared even in times, hoping they will interest all in a ject so interesting and uncommon.

According to the Pythagoreans, not only planets, but the comets themselves, are in tion round the sun. These are not fleetmeteors formed in the atmosphere, but mighty works of nature. These opinions, perfectly correct in the system of the unise, have been admitted and inculcated by eca, with the enthusiasm which a great n on a subject the most vast of human templation, naturally excited in the soul philosopher.

"Let us not wonder," says he, "that we still ignorant of the law of the motion of comets, whose appearance is so rare that can neither tell the beginning nor the end he revolution of these bodies, which descend us from an immense distance. It is not 0 years since the stars have been numbered eece, and names given to the constellators. day will come, when, by the continued dies of of successive ages, things which are hid, will appear with certainty, and posty will wonder they have escaped our ice."

That a comet actually appeared at the dee, is attested by several authors—Pliny tions one which appeared in the reign of phon, that is, at the flood, or immediately ore it; and speaks of the direful effects of And the above author has endeavoured prove, that the last most remarkable et—which was seen in those parts in the r 1680 (whose revolution he computed to in about 575 years, and whose trajectory Isaac Newton has delineated)—was that y comet which came by the earth at the inning of Noah's deluge, and which was cause of the same. But this is only in ry, supposing that it passed so close to body of the earth, at the time of the uge, as to involve it in its atmosphere and by which supposition it is attempted to accounted for. A comet was visible in gland in 1811, and Dr. Herschell observes n it, "that directing a telescope to that t of the head, where, with the naked eye, w a luminous appearance, not unlike a , I found that this spot, which some asomers may call a nucleus, was only the d of the comet; but that within its densest t there was an extremely small bright nt entirely distinct from the surrounding s. I examined this point with my 20-, large 10-feet, and also with a 7-feet telepe, and with every one of these instrunts I ascertained the reality of its existe. At the very first sight of it I judged it to much smaller than the little planetary e in the head of the comet of the year 1807; as we are well assured that if any solidity embling that of the planets be contained he comet, it must be looked for in this ght point, I have called it the planetary y, in order to distinguish it from what to naked eye, or in small telescopes, apred to be a nucleus, but which in fact was little body with its surrounding light or d seen together as one object. The our of the head being very rerkable, I examined it with my different escopes, and in every one of them its light peared greenish or bluish green—its aprance was certainly very peculiar. In ry instrument through which I have exined the comet, I perceived a comparaly very faint, or rather darkish, interval rounding the head wherein the gradually inishing light of the central brightness s lost. This can only be accounted for, by mitting a transparent elastic atmosphere to elope the head of the comet."

The most brilliant phenomenon that acmpanies a comet is the stream of light ich we call the tail. Its length is well own to be variable; but the measures, or estimation of its extent, cannot be expected to be very consistent, from several causes foreign to its actual change. The shape of the tail, with respect to its curvature, is generally considered only as it relates to the direction of the motion of the comet; it is nevertheless subject to variations, arising from various causes.

The quality of giving out light, although it may always reside in a comet, as it does in the immensity of the nebulous matter which exists in the heavens, is exceedingly increased by its approach to the sun. Of this we should not be sensible if it were not accompanied with an almost inconceivable expansion and rarefaction of the luminous substance of the comet about the time of its perihelion passage, or when it approaches nearest the sun. It is admitted on all hands that the act of shining denotes a decomposition in which at least light is given out; but that other elastic volatile substances may escape at the same time, especially in so high a degree of rarefaction, is far from improbable.

Nearly five hundred comets are recorded to have been seen at different times, and the orbits of about a hundred have been correctly ascertained; but we have no opportunity of observing a sufficient portion of the orbit of any comet to determine with accuracy the whole of its form as an ellipsis, since the part which is within the limits of our observations does not sensibly differ from a parabola, which would be the result of an ellipsis prolonged without end. Two comets at least, if not three, have been recognized in their return. Dr. Halley foretold the appearance of a comet about 1758 which had appeared in 1531, in 1607, and in 1682, at intervals of about 75 years. He also supposed the comet of 1680 to have been seen in 1106, in 531, and in the year 44 before Christ, having a period of 575 years; and it has been suspected that the comets of 1556 and 1264 were the same, the interval being 292 years; a conjecture which will be either confirmed or confuted in the year 1848. Extensive as are the orbits, from their eccentricity, they have sometimes approached much nearer the sun than any of the planets; for the comet of 1680, when at its perihelion, was at the distance of only one sixth of the sun's diameter from its surface; the chances are however much greater, that a comet might interfere in such manner with a planet as to deflect it a little from its course and retire again without coming actually in contact with it.

In concluding these observations, I would ask those better informed on these subjects than myself, whether the comet so remarkable at this time may not be that predicted by Dr. Halley to appear again in the year 1843? But as no notice of it has appeared in the Nautical Almanack, or by our astronomers in this part of the world, of course it is but matter of speculation and uncertainty.

P. M. HOSKING, M.D.

Sydney, March, 1843.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—A correspondent of electioneering news from Maitland vainly asserts in the *Australian*, of the 10th instant, that which he knows to be untrue of Mr. Scott. He says, it is calculated that at Newcastle the votes are about equally divided between the two candidates!—but how does the case really stand: Scott 67, Wentworth 10; and that Major W.'s friends are sanguine of success, having at Maitland *three to one*—of course he allows nothing for the daily decrease in their numbers from the general cause—insolvency. And as they make so cock sure of success, why do they quail at the result of competition?—but such is their distrust that they must needs insinuate partisanship against the Police Magistrate. The writer of the article may *turn* and pervert facts as he likes, Mr. A. W. Scott will be the successful candidate.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
A VOTER.

Newcastle, March 14.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—Unaccustomed to trouble you upon any slight occasion with any lucubrations of mine on any subject whatever, I confess that the remarks of "A Friend" in your paper of the 11th instant so jarred upon my nerves as made me take up the pen to complain at once of the utter misrepresentation of the character and principles of the dominant party in the Established Church of my fathers, and the bold and reckless style in which "A Friend" speaks of a majority which, of course, in this case as in every other, are entitled to have their opinions respected as that of the body which so speaks its sentiments; for that they are a majority "A Friend" must of course allow, seeing that they have for some years back always triumphantly carried their measures to the exclusion of those who think with our "Friend," who knowing this, yet unblushingly takes on himself to call the same majority "a few persons regardless alike of law and reason:" and again, "the violent party in the Church."

Passing by his statement that every newspaper in England and Scotland but four, which are enlisted by this "violent party," with merely a simple denial of the fact, and also reminding him that the Judges of our Court of Session are nearly equally divided in opinion on this question,—the unfairness also of dragging Her Majesty into such a dispute—I would only remind him that the claims of those whom he calls "a few persons regardless alike of law and reason" is founded upon the "Act of Union," which never has been equitably abrogated. I would, I say, remind him that the claim of his so called "violent party" is no less than that the articles of this same Act of Union be carried out in good faith, which, if our "Friend"—he of the so called "moderate party"—would condescend to peruse, would find that not even the legislature of Great Britain (by this Act then first known under such name) were entitled to set aside without unsettling the whole of the said Act, unless by consent of the said interested body, viz., the much-abused Church of Scotland, which by continual protest has always abjured the unequitable manner in which she was deprived of her privileges; and now her people have arisen, and demand at the foot of the Throne that such privileges should be restored.

Such is the present commanding ground which, not "a few persons regardless alike of law and reason," but the majority in number, both clergy and people, have united to obtain as their just right.

The allusion to a party of "two or three persons in this colony" as having disturbed the peace of the Church here, as being of the same nature with the majority of the Church at home, is, as it is merely throwing dust in the eyes of those who are only partially acquainted with the state of the question, alike ungenerous as it is untrue.

That "the Scottish Presbyterians to a man in this colony will maintain the principles of their fathers" your intelligent readers do not need to be told; but he may rest assured, that many of them, by "the principles of their fathers," understand a different thing than is by him, or his party, understood.

"A Friend" may not be the worse of a little advice, offered to him in all friendship, viz.: to speak with more respect of opponents in future, than rashly to style them "A few persons, regardless alike of law and reason," when the individuals really meant bear such names as Chalmers and Gordon in Scotland, and Cooke in Ireland; the first in himself a host, and possessing not only a Scottish, but a European reputation;—a goodly proportion of the talent of the Scots Bench and Bar; and, notwithstanding the proverbial apathy of the Scots peerage to the Church of their fathers, still some of the most ancient and illustrious also of their order. Witness the Duke of Argyle, and the Marquis of Lorne, the Duke's eldest son, whose exertions in Scotland in favour of the majority are so well known, and whose published letter to his fellow-peers in Parliament attests to the world the zeal with which he is animated towards that Church, which he inherits from his ancestor, martyred in the cause.

To conclude, gentlemen, and asking pardon for taking up so much room in your valuable journal, which, at commencing this letter, was not contemplated by me, and being as much indisposed as unaccustomed to interfere with writers in any periodical; but impelled by a sense of duty to exclaim against the reckless manner "A Friend" branded, as "a few persons, regardless alike of law and reason," the great majority of a Church already so highly favoured as the means of doing so much good, and elevating, by her accompanying system of schools, (as proverbially in times past is well known) the name of Scotland in the scale of nations,—and that majority headed by such men as above mentioned,—I thought with a certain deceased statesman, "this *is* too bad."

A "Friend" also may be advised henceforth to remember, that there are many even in this colony who are anxiously looking on with keen sympathies in favour of his opponents, and hoping that they may hold on to the last in the same path they have some time pursued.

And now, gentlemen, I beg to add, that having no desire to go into the merits of the case—leaving that to those having more leisure on their hands; and to say, that no exhibition of such petulance as that of our "Friend," as above noticed, will force me to intrude on your valuable space; and advising "A Friend" never hereafter to either suppress his knowledge of facts, or, if really so ignorant as to imagine a triumphant majority (even in case of defeat in such a question) to be composed of "a few persons alike regardless of law and reason," to ascertain the true state of matters before he presumes to enlighten others;—

I remain, gentlemen,
Yours, most faithfully,
A LAYMAN.

15th March, 1843.

FREE TRADE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—But a few days ago, there seemed to be on the part of the public, some sympathy with the Sydney carpenters in preferring their petition to the Governor in support of protection against the influx of American furniture. It is truly gratifying to observe that, even backed as this unprincipled petition has been by all the weight of the honorable owner of the Crow's Nest on the one hand, and all the modesty of the "unflinching advocate of Garry Owen" House on the other; the carpenters are not likely to get it all their own way, after all. One of the candidates for the representation of the county of Durham has boldly bearded this popular prejudice about the necessity of protection for particular interests, and has moreover carried with him the approving voice of his constituents. We are now, therefore, in the fair way for having the great question of free trade publicly discussed. You have afforded *a few columns to the amiable and multifarious* lucubrations of ROBIN GOODFELLOW. He seems to be a learned Theban,—determined to grub the ground to some purpose. But has it not occurred to him that the hobby which he is attempting to bestride so classically on the public parade hobbleth most confoundedly, in consequence of his unfortunate admission in the outset—that it cannot stand upon its own legs? Bid him read a chapter on Political Economy, as attentively as he seems to have scanned (not metrically) the pages of Columella, and I venture to predict that he will sit more gracefully in his future exhibitions, and reach the goal more honourably withal,—as well as with far less hazard to the bone and muscle of both ridden and rider, if he can contrive in all time coming to manage his Bucephalus without the use of the snaffle or protective curb.

FREE TRADE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—The pecuniary aid given by Government to schools throughout the colony will, necessarily, from its most unfair distribution, form matter of early discussion for our forthcoming legislators. For some schoolmasters enjoy a Paradise while others struggle for existence in Purgatory. This dissimilarity arises from the nature of the system. If teachers, as is the case in England, were in the receipt of a certain salary, universal satisfaction would have prevailed; but when Government pays for the "number of days' attendance of children whose parents are not able to pay for their education," can the teacher in the interior maintain so respectable a standing in society or in the eye of the public, as his fellow-labourer in the City? Impossible. But there is yet a greater grievance to be told. I mean the advantage that head-money schools have over subscription schools, for since the regulations of 1840, whatever may be the amount of private subscriptions, if even no higher than £5 in the quarter, though the sum chargeable for poor children be £15, or *vice verso*, the Goverment has enacted to pay a sum equal to the lower amount only. Head-money schools at the same time receiving upwards of £20 a-year towards house-rent, and £20 more as sure wages, independently of a half-penny per day for every day's attendance of each poor child. I do not however mean to imply that these teachers are over-paid, on the contrary, I am well aware that in some places they can hardly retain their situations; but I must aver that the pay of the other class of teachers is, comparatively, next to nothing, and consequently not worth labouring for. In hopes, therefore, that the subject of this letter may be understood in time, and that some of your correspondents may premeditate and prescribe a remedy that will lead us to anticipate its ratification and adoption in the new House of Assembly, I presume, gentlemen, you will be kind enough to allow this communication a place in yur journal.

I remain, Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
A SCHOOLMASTER.

Sydney, March 15, 1843.

BIRTHS.

On the 5th instant, at her residence, Elizabeth-street, the wife of Mr. William Buchanan, of a daughter.

At Saint Aubin's, Scone, on Saturday, the 11th instant, Mrs. Thomas Dangar, of a daughter.

DEATH.

At his residence Mary Mount, County of Kilkenny, Ireland, on the 14th September, 1842, Robert Neville, Esq., High Sheriff of that county, first cousin to Mrs. Grace, wife of Mr. William Grace, of Maitland, New South Wales, Solicitor.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION.

We insert for the information of the public an abstract of all the public sales which take place

THIS DAY.

MR. S. LYONS.—At his Mart, at 10 o'clock, Ironmongery; at the Stores of Gosling, Browne, and Co., at 10 o'clock, Sugar; at his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Saddlery, Drapery, Haberdashery, &c.

MR. ARMSTRONG.—At his Repository, at 12 o'clock, the horse "Mentor," and a Horse and Phaeton.

MR. HEYDON.—At his Rooms, at 7 o'clock, p.m., Books, Prints, &c.

COUNTRY SALE.

MR. BECK.—At the Talbot Inn, between Liverpool and Campbell Town, March 20, Cattle.

CLARENCE RIVER.

NOTICE.—The steamer *JAMES WATT*, will leave Sydney for Clarence River on Friday, 17th March, at five o'clock, p. m., and will again leave Sydney for the Clarence on or about 1st April. This will be found a desirable opportunity for shippers of cattle and sheep, from that district.

FARES.

Cabin.... £4 } Including provisions.
Steerage £4 }

Shippers are requested to send their goods to the Wharf by three o'clock on the day of sailing

FRANCIS CLARKE, Manager.

March 1. 3909

FOR HOBART TOWN.

TO SAIL ON THE 19TH INSTANT.

THE PACKET BRIG *CITY OF SYDNEY*, Captain Mackay, having been detained in consequence of the bad state of the weather, will not sail till the abovenamed date. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain, on board, or to

J. B. METCALFE.

March 16. 3938

FOR LONDON,

THE first class fast sailing Barque *BRILLIANT*, 338 tons register, Hugh King, commander, has room for one hundred bales wool, and will sail the 25th instant. Superior accommodations for four cabin passengers, who will be taken at moderate rates. Apply to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER or,
3920 FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.

IN THE PRESS,

And will be published in a few days, at the HIBERNIAN PRESS, King-street East,
(Part the first, price 1s. 6d.)

THE Financial State of New South Wales considered, with a view to trace the causes thereof, and point out a remedy.

"Awake, arise, or be for ever fallen."
MILTON.

BY THE HERMIT IN AUSTRALIA.

To be had as above.

March 16, 1843. 3945

ROYAL CITY THEATRE,

MARKET-STREET.

THE public are respectfully informed, that the above theatre will open for dramatic performances on the 24th of May next. The ladies and gentlemen of the theatrical profession, and candidates for the orchestral department, are likewise apprised, that all applications for engagements must be made forthwith to the proprietors, at the Theatre, from three to six o'clock in the afternoon, daily.

J. SIMMONS, }
J. BELMORE, } Proprietors.

3913

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.

GENTLEMEN,—I am induced to offer myself at this late period as a candidate for the representation of your county from circumstances to which I am unwilling to allude, as they involve matters of dissatisfaction touching the views and opinions of the candidates already in the field.

I come forward on perfectly independent grounds, and unconnected with any of the other candidates. I am emboldened to hope for success from assurances of undivided support from a large portion of the electors of this county, and I shall avail myself of an early opportunity of meeting you, and personally soliciting your votes and interest and of publicly declaring my political principles; suffice it here to say, I am, and ever have been, an unflinching advocate of "civil and religious liberty," cheap and equal laws for rich and poor!! the necessity of protecting duties on colonial manufactures and produce, a heavy duty on all foreign imported goods, and an equitable scheme of immigration, to facilitate and promote the interests of small settlers!! who may be regarded as the nucleus of a great and powerful nation.

Of myself I shall say little; I have a large stake in the agricultural interests of this the land of my adoption, and I will not yield to any in an anxious zeal to promote and protect your interests, if elected as one of your representatives. The efficient and equitable discharge of my public and official duties for several years, I trust, furnishes a sufficient guarantee for a COMPETENT, INDEPENDENT, and FAITHFUL discharge of the duties of a representative, and I pledge myself that neither zeal nor attention shall be wanting on my part to thoroughly understand your wants, and to FEARLESSLY and FIRMLY advocate all measures to relieve them, and by judicious laws to insure your prosperity and happiness.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
JNO. RYAN BRENAN.

Garryowen House, Feb. 13. 3954

DURHAM ELECTION.

BY authority of the Committee formed within the parishes of Butterwick and Seaham, for the purpose of promoting the interests of Richard Windeyer, Esq., as candidate for the representation of the county of Durham in the coming Legislative Council, a meeting is hereby called of the friends of Mr Windeyer within the said parishes, at the Victoria Hotel, Hinton, on Monday, the 20th March at two o'clock, p.m., for the purpose of taking such measures as shall to them seem best adapted, in the course of the ensuing canvas, to promote the benefit of their immediate district, in conjunction with that of the county of Durham, and of the colony in general.

HENRY CARMICHAEL,
Chairman.

Hinton Hotel, March 11. 3305

NEW DRAPERY AND CLOTHING MART.

HORATIO BRETT AND CO., having just arrived, by the ship *Alfred*, with an extensive assortment of merchandise, which has been purchased in England during the great depression of the manufacturing districts, at one half the usual price, and which will now be offered to the public, FOR CASH, at considerably less than the English manufacturing prices.

H Brett and Co. have selected, for the dispatch of their business, that spacious building recently erected by Mr. Charles Smith, situate in George-street, next door to the Savings Bank, and two doors from the corner of Market-street, which they will open on SATURDAY next, the 18th March, and where, with strict attention to business, and LOW PRICES, they trust to merit the support of a discerning and enlightened public.

The leading articles in this establishment will consist of—

A general assortment of linen and woollen drapery
Hosiery, haberdashery, ribbons, and gloves
Ready-made clothing and slops
Striped and regatta shirts and shirtings
Flannels, blankets, counterpanes, and rugs
Boots and shoes of every description
Hats and caps of the most approved makes
With every article connected with the above trade.

OBSERVE—TWO DOORS FROM THE MARKET.

3958

GAS FITTINGS.

THE Australian Gas-Light Company have recently received from London a large and choice stock of Brass and other Gas Fittings, comprising CHANDELIERS of from 2 to 20 lights, single and double light PENDANTS, BRACKETS, PILLARS, &c., &c., ornamental and plain, and in great variety; with GLASSES of every description required in the consumption of Gas.

Also, a few powerful PATENT REFLECTORS for illuminating shops from the exterior of the window, of the pattern so much admired at the shop of HITCHCOCK and ROGERS, the celebrated drapers, of St. Paul's Church-yard, London.

FANCY BURNERS for out-door Lamps, consisting of from 6 to 30 jets each.

The above will be sold at very moderate prices, and may be seen at the Company's Show Room, at the Gas Works.

March 15, 1843. 2923

COALS.

THE Australian Agricultural Company having completed their arrangements for the sale of Coal in Sydney, the public are informed that they can be supplied—

On the wharf, Miller's Point, at ten pence per bushel, in quantities of not less than twelve bushels.
Or, delivered at any house north of the Cattle Market and west of the Woolloomooloo Creek, in quantities of not less than twenty bushels, at eleven pence per bushel.
Outside the above boundary but within the town of Sydney, one shilling per bushel.
Woolloomooloo and the neighbourhood of Sydney, thirteen pence per bushel.

All payments to be made before delivery, either to Mr. F. Ebsworth Australian Agricultural Company's agent, at Miller's Point, and 155, Pitt-street, or to Dr. M'Kellar, Brickfield Hill, Upper George-street. 3206

EBENEZER COAL WORKS.

THE EBENEZER COAL.—Orders for this large and superior Coal are received and punctually attended to, by M. F. Oramond, Agent, at the Depôt, Davies's Wharf, Sussex-street, Sydney. Price at the wharf, 26s. per imperial ton weight of 2240 lbs., in 16 two-bushel bags. Delivered North of the Benevolent Asylum and East of Woolloomooloo Creek, 28s. per ton. Outside the said boundaries, within the City, 30s. per ton, beyond which, extra charge according to distance. Shipping supplied.

January 16. 847

BLACK TEA! BLACK TEA!! BLACK TEA!!!

ON SALE by the Undersigned, One Hundred boxes Black Tea, containing twenty-six pounds each, and only twenty-five shillings (25s.) per box.

The above is warranted a superior article, and a liberal allowance will be made to the trade.

WALTER STEWART,

Lower George-street, next door to the *Herald* Office. 3943

FOR CASH ONLY.

BEST BLACK TEA—A Box containing 80 packages for 26s.

Dunbar's Porter or Ale, warranted, 10s. 9d. per dozen.

W. G. MOORE,
Hart's Buildings, Pitt-street.

Remember, the Cash must be sent with the orders. 3959

HOPS.

A VERY superior lot of one hundred bales, the growth of 1842, for sale by

KENWORTHY AND CO.

March 15. 3934

BRANDY! BRANDY!!

To Captains, Ship Agents, Country Storekeepers, and to traders in general.

THE undersigned, has on sale in bond, in his bonded stores, Queen's place, George-street, good Cognac Brandy, at a moderate price, for ship's use, in kegs of eight gallons each, for immediate shipping, without the usual trouble and loss of time, by applying to the Customs for permission of pumping off, which process generally causes much waste of liqueurs to the proprietors, and loss of time to the shipper.

A. L. DE METZ.

Bonded Stores, Queen's-place,
March 15. 3968

DUNBAR'S PORTER AND ALE.

ON SALE by the Undersigned, Dunbar's Porter and Ale, in small casks, warranted a fresh article, and in the finest possible condition, only 10s. 9d. per dozen, by the cask.

N.B. An allowance to the trade, or any person taking a few casks.

WALTER STEWART,

Lower George-street, next door to the *Herald* Office. 3914

CIGARS.

JUST landed ex *Arachne*, and on Sale at the stores of the undersigned:—

Three hundred thousand of No. 4 superior Manila Cigars, in boxes of five hundred and one thousand each.

R. AND T. COVENY.

Sydney, March 13. 3815

JUST LANDING, from the *Victoria*, and on sale at JOHN STIRLING'S, Lower George-street,

One hundred barrels Scotch oatmeal
Two hundred bushels split peas
Three hundred tins red herrings
One hundred cases salad oil (one dozen cases)
One hundred cases (pints) castor oil
One ton English cheese, assorted.

Sydney, March 10. 3652

JUST RECEIVED, and on sale at the stores of the undersigned,

A splendid parcel of Wines, of the very first description, among which are:—

Fine old port, in quarts and pints of three and six dozen cases
Superior pale gold and brown sherry, in ditto ditto
Sauterne }
Bucellas }
Moselle } Of first-rate Vintages, in pints and quarts
Barsac }
Hock }
Claret, Chateau Larose, St. Julien, and others, in quarts and pints

AND

A few cases of the finest sparkling champagne ever imported, in one and three dozen cases
Raspberry and lemon syrup, in one dozen cases
Sparkling Devonshire cider, in three dozen casks
Devonshire Cider, in barrels
Lime juice, of the best quality for chemists

ALSO,

Handsome five-motion beer engine
Handsome eight and ten cock spirit fountains
Spirit forces, ale, beer, and spirit measures
One of Thurston's full-sized round billiard tables
Billiard and pool balls, pool marking boards, cues, &c.
One of Galloway's patent wool presses, made wholly of metal
Stout twilled woolpacks
Stout twilled woolbagging
Canvas and sewing twine
Europe cordage, of sizes

A. & S. LYONS,
Pitt-street.

Sydney, March 13. 3745

NOW SELLING, at the Stores of the undersigned, corner of York and Market streets,

Flour, sweet and good, from 10s. to 15s. per 100 lbs.
Bran, pollard, maize, and maize meal
Cape barley and Derwent oats, for seed—fine sample
Hay and straw
Twenty tons good sugar, by the bag, at 20s. per 112lbs.

The public are invited to try the articles offered; and captains of vessels will find it to their advantage to send their orders to

JOHN AND JAMES WALKER,

March 13. 3969

YASS STEAM MILLS.

PRICES of grinding are now reduced to—
Grinding alone, one shilling per bushel
Grinding, dressing, and smutting when requisite, one shilling and sixpence per bushel.

Wheat received in payment of grinding, as usual, at the cash market prices.

Flour of all qualities always on hand.

Payment of grinding required on delivery.

March 11. 3986

ILLAWARRA.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE CONTRACT, a most desirable and valuable Farm, comprising about three hundred and fifty acres of Land, situated seven miles from Wollongong, on which a considerable sum of money has been expended in the erection of permanent buildings, clearing, stumping, fencing, and draining.

There is a substantial and well-built residence, beautifully situated, and fit for the reception of a family of the first respectability.

The Land is alluvial, and well adapted for agricultural and dairy produce, and possesses advantages inferior to none in the Colony. Application to be made to Messrs. D. Chambers and Holden, Solicitors.

Sydney, March 4. 3419

FOR SALE.

A SPLENDID FAMILY RESIDENCE, within two miles of Sydney, situated in a most respectable neighbourhood, with garden and shrubbery, containing the most expensive shrubs and trees that could be procured, and standing upon about two and a half acres of land. The accommodations are first rate; the house contains large drawing, dining, and breakfast rooms, and library, store-rooms, and pantry, on the ground floor; eight bed rooms on the second floor; together with out offices, kitchen, laundry, double coach-house, stabling for four horses, sheds, fowl houses, &c. The garden is in a high state of cultivation, with vinery and fruit trees in full bearing. For particulars apply to

MR. J. F. HILLEY,
Architect, York-street.

February 28. 5919

STORE ROOM.

FIVE to six hundred tons of Goods may be Stored, in an excellent Dry Store, free from vermin. For particulars apply at the office of

A. & S. LYONS,
3916 Pitt-street.

SUPERIOR RAMS FOR SALE.

FIRST and second crosses by imported Cotswold Rams from Merino Ewes
Thorough-bred Lord Western's Rams, imported
First and second crosses by Lord Western's Rams
Merino Rams

Great attention has been paid in the breeding of the above Rams. Apply to Mr. Richard Carter, on the station, Goorrangoola, near St. Patrick's Plains, Hunter's River. 1494

WOOL AND OIL.

THE undersigned will purchase for cash, or make advances on, Wool or Oil, consigned to their friends, Messrs. D. Dunbar and Sons, of London.

CAMPBELL, HILL, AND CO.
1836 Jamison-street.

WOOL.

THE undersigned are purchasers of Wool of the present clip.

ECCLESTON AND HIRST.

Queen-street. 1104

THE Undersigned are purchasers of Wool as usual, for cash.

J. T. ARMITAGE & Co.

King-street, West,
near Commercial Wharf. /233

TO THE WOOLGROWERS OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

THE undersigned still continues to give the highest price for wool, clean or in the grease. Cash on the instant.

W. G. MOORE,
3249 Hart's Buildings, Pitt-street

THE undersigned will purchase for Cash—Wool, Oil, or other produce, or will make cash advances on the same, consigned to their correspondents in London, Messrs. Matheson Jardine, & Co.

THACKER, MASON, & CO.,
100 Fort-street.

FOR SALE, Bank of New South Wales Shares, and Gas Company Shares—
Twenty of the former, £20 paid up
Fifty of the latter, £6 paid up.
Apply to G. D., *Herald* Office. 3792

PRINTING PAPER.

ANY person having Printing Paper the size of the *Sydney Morning Herald* to dispose of, may hear of a purchaser upon application at the *Herald* Office. 3173

TO BE SOLD, a small fount of Nonpareil Type, at a reduced price, having been in use for a short time. Enquire at the *Sydney Morning Herald* Office.

FOR SALE.—A 366 day TIMEPIECE, lever escapement, gold dial, warranted to perform with the greatest accuracy, having been three years tested at the Royal Observatory, Greenwich, well adapted for the House of Assembly or new Council Chambers. Apply to

STUBBS AND ROBERTSON,
3814 King-street.

TO OWNERS AND COMMANDERS OF SHIPS.

FOR SALE, Four beautiful Chronometers, warranted to perform well. For orders to view and price, apply to

STUBBS AND ROBERTSON,
3818 King street.

FOR SALE,

A BRILLIANT Toned Cabinet Pianoforte, by an eminent maker: price moderate. Apply to W. S., *Herald* Office.

March 11. 3707

EX *STATESMAN*.
FLOORCLOTHS

SMALL PATTERNS, suitable for COACH-BUILDERS and others; 4-4 and 5-4 wide, for Halls and Stairs; a few pieces of eight yards wide in marble, Turkey, and Persian patterns, of the most superb designs, suitable for private dwellings or public offices; to be sold either wholesale or retail, at

THOMAS PERKINS'S,
General Furnishing Warehouse,
3754 81, George-street.

FLOOR CLOTHS.—A large assortment of wide Floor Cloths, for rooms, offices, halls, and passages, &c., on sale at

LENEHAN'S,

Upholstery Establishment, opposite the Old Court House, Castlereagh-street.

Spring Vans on hire, for the safe removal of furniture, pianofortes, &c. 3954

BATHURST CHEESE.

THREE HUNDRED CHEESES, warranted far superior to any in Sydney, on Sale in any quantity at

H. PUGH'S,
Provision and Grocery Store,
3952 Market and Clarence streets.

TO BAKERS AND OTHERS.

THREE thousand barrels of American Flour for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, samples may be seen on board the ship *London*, at Moore's Wharf. For further particulars apply to

KENWORTHY AND CO.

March 15. 3921

TO CORN DEALERS, LIVERY STABLE KEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

FOUR hundred bushels prime old Maize arrived from the M'Leay River, in lots to suit purchasers.

W. H. CHAPMAN,
City Sale Rooms,
George-street, opposite Treasury.

March 14. 3823

ENGLISH BARLEY.

FOR SALE, at the stores of the undersigned, one hundred and fifty bushels, ex *Resolution*, from Launceston. Also, a few tons of Onions.

SIMSON AND CARR,
3951 25, Pitt street.

FOR SALE, fine Van Diemen's Land Hay, per *Seahorse*. Apply to

BOYD AND CO.

Unwin's Buildings, Custom House, March 11. 3737

SLATES, PIG IRON AND ROCK SALT.

COUNTESS, viscountess, and ladies' slates
Ten tons rock salt, in casks
Thirty-six tons No. 1 pig iron

The above are now landing from the ship *Templar*, and on sale by the undersigned.

GOSLING, BROWNE, AND Co.

Charlotte-place. 3802

SOAP AND CANDLES.

ONE pound of Soap given for one pound of good rendered Tallow: apply at the Soap Manufactory.

J. NEWSHAM,
Liverpool-street.

Sydney, 4th Febuary 1928

CASH.—Wanted to purchase, for cash, a small piece of Land, in a healthy situation, a short distance from Sydney: Woolloomooloo would be preferred. Address, post paid, to M. R., Post Office.

N. B. Board wanted in a genteel family.

3914

WANTED, a few good bills on England, for sums not less than £200, nor more than £1000 each.

CHARLES BEILBY,

George-street, near the Bank of New South Wales, March 16. 2933

TO TUTORS.

THE services of a young man of respectability are required in a very large boarding establishment for young gentlemen. His chief duties would be to superintend the students in their hours of relaxation, and to be present during the preparation of their lessons for the masters under whom they study. During the middle of the day he would generally be disengaged. He would live in the house of the principal. Letters to be addressed, post paid, containing full particulars and testimonials, which will be returned, X. Y. Z., *Herald* Office.

Wanted also, a gardener, who has had colonial experience. For address, ask as above. 3935

A CLERK WANTED. Apply by letter only to Peek and Campbell, George street.

3969

WANTED, an Assistant for a Drug Establishment in Sydney. References as to character and ability required. Apply to A. F., *Herald* Office. 3065

TO CABINETMAKERS.

WANTED, an experienced bench foreman, at E. Hunt and Co's., Upholstery Warehouse, Jamison-street. 3966

WANTED, for the interior, a good blacksmith, capable of horse shoeing, dray and plough mounting; also, a wheelwright, dray and plough maker. Apply to Mr. William Orr, Engineer, Sussex-street South.

N.B.—None need apply but first-rate workmen. 3955

TO DRAPERS, &c.—Wanted, a respectable young man of colonial experience, as an assistant to the drapery business—who will also be required to have a knowledge of book-keeping. Wanted, also, a smart lad as an apprentice. Apply to C. D., at the *Herald* Office. 3952

TO MILLINERS, &c.—Wanted, a competent milliner, that has a perfect knowledge of the business. Wanted, also, an intelligent young person to attend in a haberdasher's shop. Apply to A.B., at the *Herald* Office.

A vacancy for an apprentice. 3953

WANTED, a respectable married person, to take charge and conduct the business of a Licensed House, for the accommodation of Teams and Travellers, situate a few miles from the City. An individual possessing small means and taking an interest in the business would be preferred. Respectable references will be required. For cards of address, apply to Mr. S. Lee, Butcher, Bathurst-street West. 3910

WANTED, by the 99th Regiment, at Parramatta, a Messman. He must perfectly understand his business, and produce unexceptionable references as to character, &c. No person need apply who cannot do so. Applications to be made to Lieutenant Mair, Barracks, Sydney. 3945

WANTED immediately, a few men to proceed to New Zealand in charge of Sheep. Apply to

BETTS AND PANTON,
3985 24, Pitt-street.

SERVANT WANTED for a small family—a female who can wash and cook, and be generally useful. A good character indispensably necessary. Inquire, before three o'clock this day, of Mrs. Templeton, Castlereagh-street. 3956

WANTED, a female servant. Apply to Mrs. Dun, Kent-street South, third door south of Bathurst-street. 3929

WANTED, by a young woman, a situation as Housemaid, one who perfectly understands her business, and has lived in her last situation for the last two years. Any commands addressed to M. G., to be left at the *Herald* Office, will be attended to. Will be heard of for a week. 3931

WANTED as servant, an Englishwoman. She must be capable of doing the work of a small family without children, where the washing is put out. A good character from her last situation will be required. Apply to Mrs. Myles, Cumberland-place. 3938

BLACKMAN V. BUCKNELL.

THIS Action having been settled, no Sale takes place, as advertised for This Day by the Sheriff. 3911

OWEN PHENY.

IF the abovenamed individual will call at the *Herald* Office, he will hear of something to his advantage. 3924

NOTICE.

TO WILLIAM WYMS, now residing in Liverpool-street. You are hereby requested to pay the amount owing to me for Board and Lodging within fourteen days from this date; or the goods left in my charge will be sold to defray the same.

ROBERT WRIGHT.

Sydney, March 14. 3869

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.

LOST, a Punt called *Nelson*, and a whale-boat, from Rostron's Wharf, next the Government Jetty, supposed to have got adrift last night. Name painted inside both boats, "Dunlop and Co." Whoever will bring either or both to the wharf shall receive the above reward.

March 15. 3946

ADVERTISEMENT.

BOARD AND LODGING for three single gentlemen, or a married couple, can be obtained in a respectable family, in the centre of the town. The situation is healthy and retired. For address apply at the *Herald* Office, or Mr. Holmes's, George-street. 3932

LAW OFFICES TO LET, in the best part of Elizabeth-street North, consisting of two large rooms on the ground floor, communicating with folding doors. Rent moderate. Write (post paid) to X. W. *Herald* office. 3951

TO LET, a first and second floor, consisting of a commodious sitting room and three bed rooms, with use of kitchen, &c., on very moderate terms to a quiet respectable family. Apply to Mr. Lloyd, Surgeon, Clarence-street, between King and Market streets. 3953

TWO COTTAGES to let at Pyrmont, with garden, and right to a good well of water—one containing seven rooms and the other four rooms. For further particulars apply to

J. KELLICK,
3957 Phillip-street.

TO LET, three acres of good garden ground, cleared and fenced in, with a substantial new brick cottage erected thereon, opposite the Canterbury Gate. To an enterprising and industrious tenant, the terms will be liberal and advantageous.

For particulars apply to Mr. James Laing, opposite the Gate, who will show the property, or to Mr. Winterup, "Sir Walter Scott Inn," Bathurst and Kent streets, Sydney. 3922

TO BE LET, at the Sydney Glebe, a neat and commodious Cottage, beautifully situated, containing eight rooms and closets, besides all necessary and suitable out-offices, and land sufficient to grow vegetables for a family.

ALSO,

A large Store, with Offices, in one of the best situations in Sydney. Apply to

W. HIRST AND CO.,
5918 Queen-street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

IRONMONGERY.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at the Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, THIS MORNING, at Ten o'clock precisely,

G.A. Nine dozen window shutter fastenings, assorted sizes
Ten and a half dozen door springs
Sixty-three dozen files, assorted
Six dozen mason's trowels

Terms at sale. 3927

FOUR CASES MERCHANDISE.

TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, THIS DAY, Thursday, 16th instant, at Eleven o'clock,

White drills
Black and coloured cloths
Tweeds
Hosiery, consisting of silk and cotton
Fancy coat and vest buttons
Velveteens
Black shalloons
Silks and satins
Silk, velvet, and satin stocks, &c.

Terms at sale. 3930

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844 BAGS SUGAR, DAMAGED,

EX *LADY LEIGH*.

(On account of whom it may concern.)

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at Campbell's Wharf, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, sale to commence positively at Ten o'clock,

Eight hundred and forty-four bags Sugar, damaged.

Terms at sale. 3928

SALE OF FURNITURE.

MR. PRICE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Hart's Buildings, next to the Willow Tree, THIS DAY, at the hour of eleven o'clock,

A quantity of Household Furniture, &c., the property of an individual leaving Sydney, comprising—

Tables
Chairs
Sofas
Bedsteads
Beds and bedding
Looking glasses
Pictures
Timepiece

A double-cased new silver watch, with silver watch-guard. Also, a lot of kitchen furniture, two casks of half-pint tumblers, with a variety other articles.

Terms, cash. 3942

THE REGULAR MONDAY MORNING FURNITURE SALE, HART'S BUILDINGS, PITT-STREET.

W. G. MOORE hastens to inform the Public, that he has received instructions to sell at his Mart, on MONDAY next, the whole of the Household Furniture, Wines, &c., of a Gentleman, who having resided thirty-five years in the Colony, is about to return to England.

Most of the Furniture, consisting of—

Loo Tables
Card Tables
Sofas
Sideboards
Drawers, &c.,

Having been made to order in the Colony, will be found to be specimens of first-rate workmanship.

Terms Cash.

NOTICE.—Parties sending in Furniture for the regular Monday Sale, are requested to do so as early in the week as possible, so that they may be viewed previous to the day of sale.

3960

COIR ROPE.

W. H. CHAPMAN will sell by auction, on MONDAY next, at the City Sale Rooms, at Twelve o'clock,

Five tons Coir Rope, assorted, from 1½ inch to 7 inch.

Terms at sale. 3919

WITHOUT RESERVE.

Horse hair Sofas, Lounges, Cheffioneers, Sideboard, Wash-hand-stands, Dining and Dressing Tables, &c.

MR. ISAAC SIMMONS will sell by Auction, at the City Auction Mart, on FRIDAY next, the 17th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely,

Three horsehair sofas, finished off in the first style
Two chaise lounges
Two handsome cheffioneers
One sideboard
One large chimney glass
Two wash-hand-stands, basin, ewer, &c.
One inclosed ditto
One telescope dining table
One dressing table.

Terms at Sale. 3937

EX *EMANCIPATION*, FROM PORT PHILLIP.

(On account of whom it may concern.)

FOSS AND LLOYD will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Lower George-street, on FRIDAY, the 17th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely,

1, 2, 3, each in a circle—52 hams, much damaged
30 ditto, more or less damaged.

Terms cash. 3948

EX "*STRATHISLA*," FROM BATAVIA.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

FOSS AND LLOYD will sell by public auction, at their Mart, Lower George-street, on FRIDAY, the 17th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely, the following Goods, more or less damaged,

M—Twelve mats sugar
Thirty-two bags ditto
X—Sixteen bags black pepper.

Terms cash. 3947

COLONIAL CHEESE.

FOSS AND LLOYD will sell by auction, at their Rooms, Lower George-street, on FRIDAY, 17th instant, at Eleven o'clock precisely,

Four cwt. Colonial Cheese.

Terms at sale. 3950

IN THE INSOLVENT ESTATE OF J. L. SMITH, BUTCHER.

(By Order of the Trustee.)

FOSS AND LLOYD will Sell by Auction, on the Premises of the Insolvent, in Pitt-street, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at Eleven o'clock precisely,

A Horse
A mixed Flock of Sheep, about 445, running near Sydney
The whole of the Household Furniture.

AFTER WHICH,

The remaining term of a Lease (which expires on the 1st July, 1845,) of the Premises in Pitt-street, fitted up with every requisite for carrying on the Trade of a Butcher, with all the Implements, &c,

Terms at Sale. 3949

THIRD DAY'S SALE.

TO FINISH

THE WHOLE OF THE REMAINING STOCK

OF THE LATE MR. BLANCH,

ON THE PREMISES, NEXT DOOR TO THE ROYAL HOTEL,

THIS DAY, THURSDAY, THE 16TH MARCH,

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK PRECISELY,

By Order of the Trustees.

MR. STUBBS notifies that the sale of the above mentioned valuable wholesale and retail Stock will be continued THIS DAY,

WITHOUT RESERVE.

THE SALE WILL COMPRISE, VIZ.,

Round, square, flat, and "Rod" Iron, about twenty-eight tons; also Copper manufactured articles, Iron Bedsteads, four tons Iron Pots, and a great quantity of useful goods, suitable for the general wants of the Colony, and THE TRADE.

"THE WHOLE OF THE FIXTURES," WILL BE DISPOSED OF AT ONE O'CLOCK PRECISELY. 3936

Highly Improved Leasehold Property in the District of ILLAWARRA, within one mile of the Town of WOLLONGONG.

MR. BLACKMAN has been favoured with instructions to submit for Sale by Auction, on SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at his Rooms, George-street, Sydney, adjoining the Bank of New South Wales, at Twelve o'clock precisely.

The unexpired nine years of Lease of about 220 acres of some of the best Land in the fertile district of Illawarra within a mile of Wollongong, comprising a good DWELLING HOUSE, containing nine rooms, detached kitchen, and other out offices, in a complete state of repair, excellent garden, &c. Upwards of £700 has been expended within the last twelve months in fencing and clearing a large portion of the land which is now under crop or ready for immediate planting or sowing.

The above offers a most desirable opportunity of investment, or would particularly suit an emigrant family of respectability wishing to commence farming under most favourable circumstances.

The present lessee is most reluctantly compelled by temporary disappointments to dispose of the lease; to any person who would advance one-half, or a third, of the money expended, he would allow a most liberal rent, payable quarterly in advance.

N.B.—Mr. Blackman is instructed to close with any one by private contract. He will furnish detailed particulars, and can most confidently recommend it as a most advantageous investment. 3967

PIMENTO, AND BLACK TEA.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, adjoining the Bank of New South Wales, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at Eleven o'clock precisely,

Three bags Pimento
Two ditto Ginger
Seven and a-half chests black Tea
One case Macaroni, in tins

Terms at sale. 3939

DRILLS.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, adjoining the Bank of New South Wales, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at Eleven o'clock,

One Case Drills.

No. 1. Three pieces bleached linen drills
" " Three ditto cream
" 2. Seven ditto bleached white
" " Five ditto unbleached slate
" 3. Three ditto bleached
" " Six ditto cream

Terms at sale. 3940

GLASS AND EARTHENWARE.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, adjoining the Bank of New South Wales, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at Eleven o'clock precisely,

Several casks and cases of Glass and Earthenware, consisting of—

Wines, richly cut, and plain
Tumblers ditto ditto
Plates—soup, table, cheese, and pie
Dinner services, complete
Dessert ditto ditto.
In lots to suit purchasers.

Terms at sale. 3941

HEIFERS AND MILCH COWS.

MR. BECK has received instructions from G. A. Kemp, Esq., to sell by auction, at Cole's Talbot Inn, Cross Roads, between Liverpool and Campbelltown, on MONDAY next, the 20th instant, at Twelve o'clock precisely,

Forty highly bred Durham and Hereford heifers
Ten superior milch cows, in calf to an imported Durham Bull.

Terms at sale. 3917

IN THE SUPREME COURT.

Sheriff's Office, Sydney, March 15, 1843.
Ritchie v. Kennedy,
Burdekin v. Same and another.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at one o'clock, at the London Tavern, Sydney, the Sheriff will cause to be sold all the right, title, interest, and estate, of the above defendants in and to a piece of land, containing about fifty acres, at Glennie's Creek, Hunter's River, at present in the possession of John Canoen; and also on the same day, at two o'clock precisely, at the Bay Horse Inn, near Penrith, all the right, title, interest, and estate, of the above defendants, in and to a Farm, containing about eighty acres, situate on the Nepean River, in the district of Evan, Penrith, with the dwelling-house erected thereon; also eighty acres more, part in possession of one of the above defendants, and part in the possession of Mrs. Shaw, all fenced in and well watered, unless these executions be previously satisfied.

In the absence of the Under Sheriff,
3926 JOHN LEGH VANNETT.

ENGLISH EXTRACTS.

YORK MINSTER RESTORATION.

(From the Record.)

A PUBLIC meeting of gentlemen interested in the restoration of York Minster was held on Thursday week, at York. The sum of £12,000 is required in order to put the building into a proper state—besides £26,000, the sum which the Dean and Chapter would be able to raise by mortgage. The public of York and the county have contributed £48,000 towards the repairs rendered necessary by the former fire, and £15,000 towards the repairs of the damage caused by the late calamity.

The Hon. Mr. Everett, the American minister, made the following speech :—

"It is with very great hesitation, my lord, that I present myself before you and the company—stranger as I certainly am—for the purpose of taking any part in your proceedings—(applause). The direct appeal, however, that was made to me by the reverend gentleman who first addressed us, and to whom we all listened with extreme delight, will form, perhaps, a justification for my asking permission to say one word on this interesting subject. [The Chairman (Lord Wharncliffe). Certainly, Mr. Everett, go on. His lordship then announced to the meeting the name of Mr. Everett, upon which there was a general burst of loud and long continued cheering]. This noble building, my lord, which you now purpose to restore, was erected in ages long since passed away—at a period before America, my native country, was know in the civilised world to exist. It was erected by men, of whom my forefathers are as much descended as yours; and shall I not, my lord, as an American, be permitted to claim a participation in the feelings which actuate this assembly. My lord, I cannot permit you to monopolise this feeling to yourselves, for when America was separated politically from great Britain, I claim that we had a right to carry with us a full share of that which passed from our great and glorious ancestors to us all—(loud cheers). The rev. gentleman who addressed you has asked what my feelings might have been on entering the minster for the first time; and I am, my lord, perhaps the only individual in this assembly who, for the first time, yesterday, entered those venerable walls. My lord, I should be ashamed of my feelings, were I able to express what they were. They were feelings that cannot be described by words, and it is only those who have experienced them that can do justice to them. My lord, I come from a new country, where our fortunes are comparatively small, and there it is in the nature of things that no noble temples like this should be erected, in consequence of the enormous expense required. Our fathers, on first landing, were obliged to worship not in 'temples made by hands,' but beneath the spreading branches of the tree, or the broad canopy of the heavens. And though their descendants have now made decent provision for the worship of the GREAT FATHER of us all, it has not been in their power to erect those stupendous and magnificent structures which beautify and adorn this country—(loud cheers.) But, nevertheless, we, as Americans, entertain towards them feelings of the deepest veneration; and I can truly say, my lord, that the objects in England—nay, in Europe—which I have beheld with the greatest awe and veneration, are these noble structures erected to the honour and glory of our GOD. My lord, I went a distance of 150 miles out of my way the other day to see an old church at Boston, in Lincolnshire, and which has given the name to my native city, Boston, in America; and if my feelings were such as to lead me to undertake such a pilgrimage to see a church—a beautiful one, to be sure, but not remarkable in any way in England, which is so rich in these noble monuments—what must they have been upon entering York Minster, one of the noblest buildings that ever was erected by the hands of man? We have heard of monuments having been erected by travellers as they passed by, each casting a pebble which he might find on the road upon the pile; and I believe that if it were physically possible for every individual whose heart has been benefitted and exalted—whose religious feelings have been elevated, and whose sense of the vanity of human things has been strengthened by entering the walls of one of those great temples—if every one had it in his power to contribute a stone to the restoration of this noble building, though it had been laid level with the dust by those disasters which have only impaired its beauty—it would rise again like an exhalation from the sea. That, my lord, is not physically possible; but it is possible for every one to assist in achieving that object. Every one has it in his power to contribute liberally, and I hope you will not deny to me, though a stranger in York, the privilege of contributing my most humble mite towards that object. It is but a mite, my lord; but, to carry on the allusion I have made, I wish it was a stone big as Atlas. It is, I am sorry to say, but a pebble; but I hope, my lord, you will permit me to cast it on the pile"—(Mr. Everett resumed his seat amidst the most enthusiastic cheering.)

At the close of the meeting, subscriptions were received, and the sum raised amounted to nearly £5,000. The Archbishop of York and Earl Fitzwilliam contributed the munificent sums of £1,000 each.

THE OXFORD DIVINES.

(From the Times.)

A FULL and authorised copy of the Bishop of London's charge having now been published, it will be perceived that the substance of that important document was faithfully, though concisely, stated in our original report. And it seems that, with less apparent personal leaning towards the Oxford divines than was shown by the Bishops of Oxford, Exeter, and Salisbury, the Bishop of London has joined those prelates in giving his official judgment in favour of their teaching, upon every fundamental point of doctrine, and upon the great majority of practical questions which have been lately brought into controversy. At the same time, he has effectually guarded himself against being supposed to approve of any exaggeration or misrepresentation of the doctrines in question, by warning his clergy against a series of erroneous or exaggerated views which have been imputed to the Oxford divines by their adversaries, but which are either not to be found at all in their writings, or are the tenets of only a very few individuals. The clergy, no doubt, will feel themselves much indebted to the Bishop for the clear way in which he has drawn the line of distinction in these cases, and which will for the future leave those without excuse who may refuse to bear it in mind, either in their own teaching, or in their judgment of others. Our own belief is, that upon these important subjects, one of the errors which the Bishop intended to condemn have been taught by any distinguished person of the Oxford school; though it may be true that some part of the phraseology which he has used exclusively to designate error, has been employed by others without any such restriction of its sense.

The subjects to which we are here alluding, and which are, beyond question, the first in importance of those which form the ground of controversy in the Church of England at the present day, are those of the constitution and authority of the Christian Church, the nature and efficacy of the two Sacraments, and the doctrine of justification.

Upon the first of these subjects, the positive teaching of the Bishop is as follows :—

"I have so recently made public the nature of my opinions on the divine institution and authority of the Church, that I need not repeat them on the present occasion. If the view which I have taken of the subject be correct, it follows as a necessary inference, that in this country the clergy of the national Church, and they alone, are entitled to the respect and obedience of the people, as their lawful guides and governors in spiritual things. They alone are duly commissioned to preach the word of God, and to minister his holy sacraments."

He then proceeds to speak of "the extent and boundaries of their ministerial authority;" and after noticing, for the purpose of repudiating, the opinion (lately alleged by Mr. Sibthorpe as the ground of his conversion to Romanism) that the Christian priesthood is strictly antitypical of the Levitical, and the teaching (which he states to be that of the Romish Church), "that our Saviour instituted a new and proper priesthood, after the order of Melchisedec," he emphatically disclaims and condemns all doctrines inconsistent with the position that our Lord himself is the One and only proper victim, sacrifice, and mediator between God and man :—

"We have, indeed," he says, "our sacrifice, and our altar, and our priesthood, to offer the one, and minister at the other, but the sacrifice is a spiritual sacrifice, and the altar only a spiritual altar. We slay no victim, we shed no blood, without which there is no remission of sins. We commemorate the one great and final sacrifice, properly so called, in the manner appointed by our Lord; and we continually present to God that memorial of praise and thanksgiving, and so apply to ourselves by faith the results of the one propitiatory sacrifice; and the whole is rightly, but figuratively, termed the Eucharistical sacrifice—the sacrifice of praise and thanksgiving. As to our priesthood, let us beware of arrogating to ourselves the character of mediators between God and men, in any sense which implies that we can stand between them and their Judge, except with reference to that mysterious efficacy which belongs to the Christian intercession, by whomsoever offered, if offered in faith. At the same time, let us be careful to impress upon ourselves and others just notions of the real objects and inherent dignity of our office. It is ours to realize instrumentally, to those for whom Christ died, the blessedness of which the Levitical priesthood, administered only the shadow; *it is ours to graft them into the body of Christ's Church, to initiate them into the sacred truths of the Gospel*, to turn their hearts to "the wisdom of the just;" guiding them to Him who alone can deliver them from the bondage of sin; *declaring, as His ambassadors, remission and assurance of pardon, and dispensing to His household the spiritual food and sustenance of His body and blood;*—to do all this, and, on that account, to have the chief stations in that household, to be entitled to the affection and respect of all who belong thereto. Our blessed Saviour's charge to St. Peter, and, through him, to his ministers, was, "feed my sheep!" Whatsoever acts of kindness or authority are requisite for the due execution of that message, with respect to those who are committed to our care, it is ours to exercise and theirs to acknowledge and submit."

We feel that we owe some apology for bringing forward in this place matter so solemn and so strictly theological, even from the Bishop of London's charge; while we must plead as our excuse for doing so, the fact that these passages really go to the root of the whole matter in controversy, so far as it is popularly apprehended; and that we have to be on our guard against persons who do not scruple to impute to us partisanship and misrepresentation when we depart from the *ipsissima verba* of our authority.

Upon the subjects of the sacraments and justification, the Bishop teaches, as the undoubted doctrine of the Church of England, that "regeneration actually takes place in baptism;" that "baptism is instrumentally connected with justification, as the sacrament of the Lord's Supper undoubtedly is with sanctification and the renewal of our mystical union with Christ;" that "justification begins in baptism;" and that a baptised person, so long as he continues to have faith, and to use and improve the grace given him, "continues in a state of justification;" that "righteousness in a qualified sense, is imparted by the same grace which justifies," but "does not constitute justification, either wholly or in part;" that we "cannot be saved without works," but that "they are not *the* meritorious cause, nor *a* meritorious cause, of our justification."

The rest of the Bishop's charge is occupied, partly with the question of the interpretation of the articles; concerning which (after combating, decidedly and at some length, the opinion that they are capable of being reconciled with the Tridentine decrees—the *vexata quæstio* raised by the 90th *Tract for the Times)* he lays down the practical rule, "that in the interpretation of those which relate more particularly to doctrine, our surest guide is the Liturgy. It may safely be pronounced of any explanation of the articles which cannot be reconciled with the plain language of our offices, that it is not the doctrine of the Church." Afterwards he notices the doctrine of "reserve" in religious teaching, expressing his disapprobation of anything in the nature of a *disciplina arcani*, but adding, "If, indeed, the reserve which is recommended to us be nothing more than a cautious and reverent abstaining from a too familiar mode of treating the sacred and sublime mysteries of our religion, or from such an inculcation of them as may tend to throw into the shade its practical duties, and to lead men so to contemplate the attributes or secrets of GOD as to forget or undervalue his commandments, then I readily admit it." He then passed on to treat at great length of divine service, the authority of the rubrics, canons, and customs of the Church, and ritual and devotional observances.

"The observance of the rubric," he says, "ought unquestionably to be complete. Every clergyman is bound thereto by the plainest obligations of duty." Glancing, in a manner which can scarcely be mistaken, at language of a contrary tenour recently held by the Bishop of Worcester, he observes—

"For reverting to the prescriptions of the rubric *on every occasion*, he needs no other authority than that of the rubric itself; and we ought not to be deterred from *what some persons may term an over-scrupulous observance* of the rules and customs which our own Church has actually prescribed or sanctioned, by a dread of being thought too careful about the externals of religion. If we are not to go beyond our ritual, at least we ought not to fall short of it, or to make our public services more naked and inexpressive than she intended. . . . An honest endeavour to carry out the Church's mind in every part of divine worship ought not to be stigmatized as Popish or superstitious. *If it be singular, the singularity is to be cured, not by one person desisting from it, but by all taking it up.*"

He commends the observation of daily services, and frequent communions. "I think," he says, "that in every parish there ought to be at least monthly communion." He urges the observation of the canons, except where they have been virtually dispensed with by universal desuetude, stating the only distinction between canons and rubrics to be, that the former may be dispensed with, the latter cannot. He recommends the clergy to preach the morning sermon in their surplices; sanctions the use of candles upon the altar, and such other devotional postures and practices as have any written authority of the Church of England to recommend them; but condemns the introduction of novelties, for which no such authority can be pleaded. He expresses a wish that some simple distinctive dress should be appointed by proper authority for the clergy; but discourages any attempt, on the part of individuals, to re-establish the use of a now obsolete costume.

The principal remaining topics treated of in the charge are the duty of obedience and reverence to the Church of England; the great impropriety of speaking disparagingly of the Liturgy; the corruptions of Popery, against which the clergy are strongly warned, at the same time that the Church of Rome is admitted to be a true branch of the Church Catholic, and the Exeter-hall system of agitation is peremptorily discountenanced.

Commissariat Office,
Sydney, 13th February, 1843.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Tenders will be received at this Office, until Wednesday, the 22nd March, at noon, from parties desirous of contracting for the performance of the undermentioned works, and for the supply of such articles of stores as may be required by the Royal Engineer department, viz :—

Carpenters' work Plasterers' ditto Plumbers' ditto Painters' and Glaziers' ditto Smiths' ditto Slaters' ditto	New Barracks, South Head Road, Sydney.
Masons' work Bricklayers' ditto Carpenters' ditto Plasterers' ditto Plumbers' ditto Smiths' ditto Painters' and Glaziers' do. Iron-founders' ditto Ironmongery ditto Ship Chandlery ditto	For works and repairs in Sydney, and for the supply of articles of store for the general service of the department.
Carpenters' work Masons' ditto Bricklayers' ditto Plasterers' ditto Smiths' ditto Plumbers' ditto Painters' and Glaziers' do. Slaters' ditto	For works and repairs at Parramatta, Liverpool, Newcastle, Bathurst, Port Macquarie, and Moreton Bay.

Separate Tenders will be received for each branch of work at every separate station, and the contracts will be in force for three years, terminable after one year, upon either party giving three months' notice.

Schedules of rates and conditions may be obtained at the Royal Engineer Office or Barrack Office, at each of the Stations except Liverpool.

On purpose to ensure the return of the Schedules a deposit of 20s. will be required for each, but which will be repaid by the party receiving the same, on the opening of the tenders, or on the schedules being returned.

Further information may be obtained upon application at the Royal Engineer Office, Sydney.

2323 W. MILLER, D. C. G.

NOTICE.

IF Mr. Peter Adamson, of Windsor, does not call or send, and pay for his horse's keep, left in my possession now upwards of six months, within fourteen days from this date, his horse, saddle, bridle, &c., will be sold by public auction, to defray the expenses of the same.

N. CLARK,
Lamb and Lark Inn.

Parramatta, March 14. 3881

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against purchasing, or in any way treating with Charles William Beamer, of Sydney, Merchant, for the sale of my farm, known as Glenville Farm, Dapto, Illawarra, that person having no just right or honest title to the said Farm, or any part thereof, as will be more particularly explained upon a future occasion.

W. A. MARSHALL.

Dapto, March 9. 3785

WANTED TO PURCHASE,

PRIVATE BILLS on England, or Drafts against produce, secured by bills of lading. Apply to

GRIFFITHS, GORE, and CO.,
3835 Bent-street.

WANTED TO CHARTER, a Vessel of about 120 tons. Apply to

3866 JOUBERT AND MURPHY.

WANTED, a Superintendent for a Stock Station, he must be well acquainted with the Districts of the Murray and the Murrumbidgee, of active habits, and with colonial experience in collecting cattle. No one need apply who is not properly recommended and well qualified, as the salary will be liberal. Apply by letter only, (post paid), to the Rev. Doctor M'Garvie, Kent street, on or before Monday the 20th instant. 3680

TO CURRIERS.

WANTED, a Currier. None need apply who are not first-rate tradesmen. Apply at the Australian Tannery, Castlereagh and Elizabeth streets.

February 22. 2783

MESSRS. BULL AND GARNHAM have a vacancy for an apprentice.
2, George-street South. 3870

WANTED, A BUTLER!

APPLY between the hours of nine and twelve, to Mr. Samuel Lyons, Auction Mart, George street. A six months' character is indispensible. 3898

WANTED, a smart active man as a waiter; one who has a good character. Apply to the House Steward of the Australian Club. 3733

WANTED, a respectable and active girl, fifteen or sixteen years of age, to take charge of a child, one whose parents reside in the colony would be preferred. Apply to Mrs. W. B. Scott, Lower Fort-street. 2811

WANTED, a girl about the age of fourteen, who would engage for a stated period, under the tuition of an older female servant in domestic service, to be thereby improved and fitted for good servitude; remuneration food, clothing, &c. Application, Fort street North, opposite Windmill-street. 3903

WANTED, a middle-aged Englishwoman, as servant of all work, and to take charge of a small house in Sydney. Apply to

JOHN NEWSHAM,
3630 Liverpool-street.

SERVANTS WANTED

AN experienced Working Overseer, who thoroughly understands agriculture, the management of horned cattle and horses; his wife to undertake the dairy or laundry. Also, a good plain cook whose wife would undertake the dairy or laundry, and perfectly acquainted with the getting up of fine linen. Those who have children need not apply. Certificates of character indispensable. Apply at the office of Mr. J. W. Lennon, Accountant, King street, between the hours of twelve and one. 2945

TO CAPTAINS OF VESSELS.

A YOUNG MAN of respectable connexion, having been upwards of twelve years in one ship, with the same Captain, wishes for the situation of first, second, or third officer, or steward of a vessel proceeding to Europe, India, or elsewhere. Apply to W. H. E. J., at the *Herald* Office, or to Edye Manning, Esq. 3651

WANTED, by a middle aged person, the situation of nurse maid, or house maid the advertiser flatters herself that she would not fail to give satisfaction to those by whom she may be engaged. The most respectable references can be given. For further particulars, apply to Mrs. Lang, or by letter post paid, to Bridget Brown, *Herald* Office. 3650

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD.

ROOTY HILL.

STOLEN, on the 1st March, from sections five and six of Rooty Hill Estate, known as the Blacktown Bush, nine Heifers of the Devon and Durham breeds, some fat and some springing, branded ER or R or I on near side, and R on off side. Any person giving information will receive the above reward on conviction of the thief, or if strayed ten shillings per head will be paid on their recovery. All persons found trespassing on the above sections will be prosecuted.

J. S. LOMAX.

Blacktown, March 14. 3797

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN OR STRAYED, from a paddock on Bathurst Plains, in the month of November last, three horses of the following description—

Aged mare, light chestnut colour, PM on left shoulder, F on right shoulder, and W on neck right side, heavy in foal when lost.

Chestnut filly, two years old, branded GF on right shoulder.

Bay yearling colt, branded F on both shoulders.

If strayed, two pounds each will be given on recovery; and if stolen a reward of ten pounds will be paid on conviction of the offender or offenders. Apply to

GEORGE FERGUSON.

BATHURST.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD. — Walter Stevenson and George Urie, free emigrants per *Earl Grey*, 1841, having absconded from their indented service, the undersigned will pay a reward of five pounds for their apprehension. Warrants have been forwarded to Hartley, Penrith, and Sydney.

GEORGE RANKEN.

Saltram, March 11.

DESCRIPTION.

Names	Walter Stevenson	George Urie
Ship	*Earl Grey*, 1841	*Earl Grey*, 1841
Height	About 5 ft. 9 in.	About 5 ft. 10 in.
Trade	Carpenter	Ploughman
County	Ayrshire, N. B.	Ayrshire, N. B.
Eyes	Dark	Grey
Hair	Ditto	Brown
Complexion	Sallow	Florid.

3834

TO MOUNTED POLICEMEN.

TWO GUINEAS REWARD will be paid by the undersigned for the apprehension of John Cronan, a Shepherd, who absconded from my service on the 27th February, after losing forty-seven Sheep. He is an elderly man, free by servitude, with rather flat nose, supposed to be gone in the direction of Goulburn, having stated he was recently in Mr. Bradley's service. Sergeant Cock, Yass, has the warrant.

EDWARD B. GREEN,
3721 Bookham.

TWO POUNDS REWARD.

LOST, supposed to have strayed from the Comberton Estate, Mittagong, in November last, a dark bay Mare, heavy in foal, near hind foot white, and a little white on the off foot, branded F under the saddle and C on the shoulder near side. Whoever will give such information as shall lead to the recovery of the same, shall receive the above reward.

JAMES COMER.

Comberton, February 20. 3783

LOST, on the night of the 3rd ultimo, from Geary's Gap, Lake George, a BAY MARE, lack points, long tail, about sixteen hands high, eight years old; branded B on the off shoulder, CM under the mane, off side. If strayed, a reward of two pounds will be paid on delivering her to Mr. John Gray, Queanbeyan; or, to Mr. Edward Gray, Sutton Forest; if stolen, £10 on conviction of the thief. 703

LOST, a brown Scotch Terrier Dog, of the same breed as at Campbell's Wharf. A handsome reward will be given to any one bringing him to 25, Pitt-street, or to the *Herald* Office. 3539

FOUND, a BOAT, about nineteen feet and a-half over all, one pair of paddles in her she was picked up in the Stream, off Neutral Bay the owner can have the same by paying expenses. Apply to Edward Collins, Miller's-point. 3781

BOARD AND LODGING.

THE above may be obtained in a respectable family, with a large front and back parlour for bed rooms, on moderate terms, in Fort street North, opposite Windmill-street. For particulars apply on the premises, or at the *Herald* Office. 3227

BOARD AND LODGING.

THE above may be had for one or two gentlemen, or a lady and gentleman, in a respectable private family, in the best part of the town. For cards of address, apply to Henry Francis, Cabinet Manufactory, King-street, or at the *Herald* Office. 3845

PREMISES NEAR THE QUEEN'S WHARF.

TO BE LET, that large three storied house, adjoining the Liverpool Wharf Bonded Stores, Lower George street.

The above has just undergone alterations and repairs, and is most eligibly situated as Offices and Stores for any party doing a moderate amount of business. No objection would be made to let it as a respectable Inn or Tavern. Apply to Mr. Walter Robertson, Builder, Hunter-street East. 3623

SHOP TO LET, next the Theatre, with apartments, suitable for any genteel trade, and decidedly the best stand in the City. Rent moderate. Apply at 37, Pitt-street. 3388

TO LET.

A HOUSE containing seven rooms, storeroom, and detached kitchen, good well of water, garden, &c., lately in the occupation of Mr. Venour, Solicitor, For further particulars, apply to John Kellick, Phillip street. 3455

TO LET, a House in Fort-street, opposite the "Young Princess Inn," containing five rooms, with detached kitchen. Apply to B. Cutler, on the premises. 3605

TO LET, a new house in Bligh-street, containing seven rooms, two cellars, and cellar-kitchen; also, a well of water. Rent, £150 per annum. For address apply to

JAMES TURNER,
3762 Fruiterer, King street.

TO LET, for such term as may be agreed on, that beautiful marine residence of ROSEBANK, Balmain; well watered, with garden and ground attached thereto, together with a splendid wharf, and a quarry of excellent freestone, having a great depth of water alongside; at present occupied by Mr. Kerff, shipbuilder. Entry immediately. Apply to James Munn, ship builder, Miller's Point.

Sydney, January 13. 659

TO LET ON LONG LEASES.
BY MR. STUBBS,

FOSTERVILLE, the property of John Smith, Esq., in Building Allotments, (as per plan at the Mart.)

For further particulars, apply to John Smith, Esq., Solicitor, O'Connell-street, or to Mr. Stubbs, King-street.

☞ This property is the well-known valuable BUILDING GROUND situated between the Sheriff's Gardens and the residence of Terry Hughes, Esq.

The Streets of communication (projected) connect George-street South with the RILEY ESTATE, South Head Road, New Court House, Woolloomooloo, &c., &c. Also, of prolonging Macquarie-street, towards the Surry and Strawberry Hill Estates, Elizabeth-street South, being on the west line of it. 2641

TWO COTTAGES TO LET, situate on the Surry Hills, one containing four rooms, with kitchen, detached pleasure garden, and an excellent well of water, the other containing four rooms, with kitchen, detached coach-house and stabling, pleasure garden, and an excellent well of water. Terms moderate Apply to Mr. J. Robinson, Boundary Stone Public House, Surry Hills. 2032

TO LET, a Cottage on the most healthy part of the Surry Hills, containing four rooms, detached kitchen, and garden. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr. Uther, at his residence, Surry Hills.

March 7. 3484

FOR SALE OR RENTAL.

Worthy the attention of Retired Officers, Merchants, Nurserymen, Gardeners, and others.

CONCORD ORANGERY, HOTHOUSE, &c.

THIS property is situated about eight miles from Town, and close to the Parramatta River, steamers passing hourly, thus having the advantage of land and water conveyance, and consequently well adapted for a gentleman's Country Box, or Gardener and Fruiterer, having four acres in oranges in full bearing, and about four acres in fruits bearing every description, extensive grapery, and a hothouse, containing about one hundred pine apples. An excellent Verandah Cottage, coach-house, stables, men's huts, &c., &c.—Terms moderate.

TO LET.

Kingstone Lodge, near Annandale, with good Garden, Paddocks, &c., &c.

CELLARS AND WAREHOUSE TO LET.

WANTED TO RENT OR PURCHASE, A comfortable family residence in the City, must have a coach-house, stables, and other conveniences. For particulars, apply to

MR. M. GANNON,
Argyle-street.

February 9. 3613

A VERANDAH COTTAGE.

TO LET, at Newtown. For particulars apply to W. H. Wills, Sussex street, opposite Thom's Wharf; or to Messrs. Stenhouse and Hardy, solicitors, Elizabeth-street, opposite Wentworth-place.

March 10. 3734

TO LET, two cottages on the Newtown Road. One has a very good garden, well supplied with choice vines and fruit trees. Apply to S. A. BRYANT and CO.,

1699 Bank-court, King street.

TO LET, the house attached to the Congregational Chapel, South Head, suitable for a small family. For particulars apply at the *Herald* Office, or to Mr. Siddons, South Head. 2068

TO BE LET.

A COTTAGE and out-house, together with a large orchard, situate between Parramatta and Liverpool, adjoining the Sir Maurice O'Connell Inn; the Orchard contains a large quantity of choice fruit trees and vines; immediate possession can be given; terms moderate. Application to be made to Mr. William Lackey, on the premises; or, Mr. John O'Dowd, corner of York and Market streets, Sydney.

3895 W. LACKEY.

TO BE LET, AT WINDSOR.

YORK LODGE, the residence of the late Captain Brabyn. This commodious cottage is well suited for the dwelling of a respectable family. Annexed, are stables, two paddocks, and a garden. Apply to the Reverend H. T. Stiles, Parsonage, Windsor. 3786

WEST MAITLAND.

TO BE LET, the house now occupied by Owen and Co., who are about to remove into other premises. Apply to

S. A. BRYANT AND CO.,
2326 Bank Court, Sydney

SALES BY AUCTION.

KING STREET LITERARY SALE.

J. K. HEYDON will sell by auction, THIS EVENING, at his Mart, King-street, at seven in the Evening precisely,

Four hundred volumes of books. Among them will be—

Encyclopædia Parthensis complete
Dixon's Map of New South Wales, counties and parishes delineated
Valentine Vox, the Ventriloquist
Paul Perriwinkle, or the Press Gang
Pinnock's Guide to Knowledge, 2 large vols.
Dublin Penny Journal
Marryat's Pirate and Three Cutters, splendid edition, illustrated
Gideon Giles
Bulwer's Novels, English editions
Cooper's Novels, People's editions
Prior's Views of Shipping
Sir Thomas Mitchell's Three Expeditions in Australia
Tom Cringle's Log
Views in Paris, 4to.
Chronicles of Crime, New Newgate Calendar, up to 1811
Smollett's Works
Fielding's Works
Fiske's Classical Antiquities
Titmarsh's Comic Tales and Sketches
Lardner's Mechanics
Ditto Hydrostatics
Jones's Attorney's Pocket Book
Heads of the People, 1st and 2nd series
Las Casas' Life of Napoleon
Pic-Nic Papers, by Boz
Drawing Room Scrap Book
Pickwick Papers, by Boz
Burn's Works
Dr. Ure's Dictionary of Arts and Sciences
Hood's Comic Annual
Meule and Selwyn's Reports
Shipman's Landlord and Tenant
Naturalist's Library, complete
Charley Chalk
A great variety of Prints
And a numerous host of other Books

TERMS—CASH. 3496

IMPORTANT TO HAIR DRESSERS PERFUMERS' AND OTHERS.

(In the Estate of William Sharpe, an Insolvent)
By order of the Trustee.

POSTPONED, UNDER DIRECTIONS OF THE TRUSTEE.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, on the premises, George-street, nearly opposite the Commercial Bank, at 11 o'clock precisely.

The whole of the insolvent's extensive and well assorted stock in-trade, consisting of

Soaps, various
Oils, ditto
Scents, ditto
Powder, ditto
Wigs
Fronts
Dressing cases
Writing cases and desks
Combs and brushes, &c.

Also, shop fixtures and household furniture, consisting of large looking glasses, marble-top table and washstand, sofas, chairs, tables, bedsteads, cases preserved birds, glass show cases, glass presses, &c.

Terms at sale. 3638

TO CHEMISTS, DRUGGISTS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, adjoining the Bank of New South Wales, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely,

Thirteen casks, containing 6, 8, 12, and 16 oz. vials, 1 and 4 oz. flat mouthed vials, narrow mouthed round stopper bottles (pints), quart wide mouthed ditto, five gallon green carboys.

ALSO,

One cask, containing 12 dozen, Robinson's groats
One cask coriander seeds, 3 cwt. 2 quarters.
Fifteen bags sponge.

Terms at sale. 3902

FIFTY BOXES RAISINS.

MR. BLACKMAN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George street, adjoining the Bank of New South Wales on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely,

Fifty boxes superior Raisins.

Terms at sale. 3501

HORSE AND PHAETON.

MR. ARMSTRONG, V. S., will sell at his Periodical Sale, THIS DAY, the 16th instant, at Twelve o'clock,

A Grey Gelding, 16 hands high, very powerful and handsome, has fine lofty action, and fast in all his paces, warranted sound, good in single and double harness.

ALSO,

A small sized carriage, (in which the above horse has been accustomed to run), with double seats, patent axles, and all the various modern improvements; and a set of single harness in good order. 3979

PERIODICAL SALE OF HORSES.

MR. ARMSTRONG'S next sale will be held at his Repository, at noon, THIS DAY, the 16th instant,

In order to afford greater facility for gentlemen to sell or provide themselves with Horses Mr. Armstrong will keep a registry of Horses for Sale, with a particular description of each, with their qualifications, so that any gentleman finding on the Catalogue the description of a Horse likely to suit him, can get a direction to the stable, where the horse may be seen, or appoint an hour for the Horse to be brought to the Repository for his inspection. The advantage of this arrangement to the public will be, that any person wishing to sell his Horse will be able to do so to the person himself who actually wishes to purchase. The delay occasioned by waiting for a well attended sale and expenses of livery will be obviated; and each Horse registered for Sale if not previously sold, may be put up to Auction at the next "Periodical Sale" without additional expense. The Fee for registering is 5s.

On Thursday, the 16th instant, will be sold—

BOTANY—A chestnut entire Colt, three years old; by Operator; dam by Whisker, g. dam by Skeleton; g. g. dam, by Hector. Botany possesses much promise, having great power and symmetry, and is entered for the next Homebush St. Leger.

PADDY—An excellent Galloway, seven years old, and the winner of several hurdle races.

A pair of excellent carriage Horses rich brown, fifteen hands two inches high, nearly thorough bred.

A pair of carriage Horses, bred by J. Allen, sixteen hands two inches high, of great power.

One bay Horse, four years old, good in saddle and harness.

One black Horse, good in saddle and harness

Six brood Mares, well bred, with foals by their sides—with several others, of which directions have been sent down to sell on that day, but the hour not yet fixed. 3648

THE CELEBRATED RACE HORSE,

MENTOR.

MR. ARMSTRONG will sell by auction, at his periodical sale, THIS DAY, MENTOR, bred by R. Scott, Esq., of Glendon, by Toss out of Penelope, bred by Lord Exeter, and foaled in 1827, by Phantom, dam by Woful, out of Zealot's dam, by Rubens, out of Guildford Nan, by Guildford. (See Stud Book, vol. 4, p. 347.)

Comments on the breeding, performances, or proportions of Mentor are unnecessary, as they are well known to all lovers of the Turf in Australia.

Mentor may be seen, till the sale, at the stables, Military Barracks. 332

TO SHIP OWNERS, CAPTAINS, AND OTHERS.

W. H. CHAPMAN will sell by auction, on MONDAY next, March 20th, at Twelve o'clock, in Hunter-street, late Olympic Theatre, the following sails, fit for bending.

MARKED W.

Lot 1. One standing jib, 85 yards
Lot 2. Stay-sail, 48 yards
Lot 3. Flying jib, 57 yards
Lot 4. Lower studding-sail, 92 yards
Lot 5. Top-gallant sail, 60 yards
Lot 6. Top-mast studding-sail, 55 yards

MARKED N.

One main-sail
One stay sail
One fore-sail

MARKED B.

One storm stay sail, 65 yards
Two boat sails, 70 yards

Terms at sale. 3822

W. H. CHAPMAN will sell by auction, on MONDAY next, 20th March, at the City Sale Rooms, George-street, at eleven o'clock,

Twenty-four cases Mout's Champagne, good quality 3823

TO THE OWNERS OF COASTING VESSELS, ETC.

W. H. CHAPMAN has received instructions to submit to public competition in Hunter street, late Olympic Theatre, at twelve o'clock, on MONDAY next, 20th March, the Sails, Running Rigging, &c., which are nearly new, saved from the wreck of the schooner *Nancy*, 50 tons. The list comprises a great variety of useful articles, among which may be enumerated the following,—

One foresail
One topsail
One top-gallantsail
One foretopmast-staysail
One jib
One fore and aft foresail
One mainsail
One gaff-topsail
Thirteen double blocks
Fifty two single blocks

Chain plates, dead-eyes, warps, saws, crockery, cooking utensils, sundries, &c., &c., 3821

COLONIAL PORK.

W. H. CHAPMAN will sell by auction, on MONDAY, March 20th, 1843, at the City Auction Mart,

Sixteen casks of Pork, in lots to suit purchasers

Terms at sale. 3844

Important Sale of Balmain Property, called DATCHET.

W. H. CHAPMAN has received instructions to submit to the highest bidder, at the City Auction Rooms, on TUESDAY next, March 21, all that very eligible land and property known as DATCHET, accurately subdivided into THIRTY EIGHT convenient and well planned LOTS, varying in frontage from eighteen to fifty-seven feet, by seventy to one hundred and five feet in depth.

It is impossible to enumerate all the advantages this property possesses, but a few may be placed before the public in the following synopsis :—

1. Being so near Sydney—only ten minutes' pull across—and NO TAXES.

2. Salubrious air, and abundance of pure water, to which all the lots have access, beautiful panoramic views of Sydney and the surrounding districts; and

3. Lots 19 and 23 have neat and convenient cottages, with good frontages to Nicholson-street, and are now let to respectable tenants; but, if required, immediate possession may be had.

Some of the lots have frontages on the main road from the Ferry to Sydney, Parramatta, &c.; others (33 to 38) are washed by the waters of Johnson's Bay, with depth for vessels of large tonnage, and are admirably adapted for stores, shipwrights, boatbuilders, and others.

Terms.—A deposit of twenty per cent. on the fall of the hammer; the residue by bills at three and six months, with security if required. The conveyance to be at the expense of the purchaser.

The plan may be seen at the City Sale Rooms and any further information obtained. 3603

SADDLERY.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, corner of George-street and Charlotte place, THIS DAY, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,

Seven cases saddlery, consisting of Gents' best stuffed, flapped, and plain saddles; Gents' hunting saddles, Portsmouth and snaffle bridles, martingales, bridles of every description, collars, saddle cloths, stirrups, girths, &c. &c.

Terms at Sale. 3836

TWENTY EIGHT HOGSHEADS OF WEST INDIA SUGAR.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at Messrs. Gosling, Browne, and Co.'s Wharf, Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, the 16th instant, at ten o'clock precisely,

Twenty eight hogsheads of West India Sugar, damaged, ex *Victoria*, brig.

Terms at sale. 3817

PORT, SHERRY, CHAMPAGNE, CLARET, AND HOCK.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, the corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at eleven o'clock,

Twenty one cases claret, three dozen each, quarts
Eight ditto ditto, four ditto, pints
Nine ditto sparkling hock, three ditto
Seventeen ditto champagne, three ditto
Ten ditto Moselle, three ditto
Twelve ditto superior old port, six ditto, pints
Nineteen ditto ditto, six ditto ditto
Eight ditto ditto, three ditto, quarts
Seventy ditto sherry, three ditto ditto
Two ditto champagne, three ditto
One ditto ditto, three ditto

Terms at sale, 3713

EXTENSIVE SALE OF SPIRITS.

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS, AND POSITIVELY WITHOUT RESERVE.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, the corner of George street and Charlotte-place, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at eleven o'clock precisely,

Sixty puncheons West India rum, ex *Perfect*, 1 to 16 O P.
Thirteen hogsheads ditto, ex *Perfect*, 1 to 16 O.P.
Thirty quarter casks ditto, ex *Perfect*, 1 to 6 O.P.
Five pipes brandy, ex *Perfect*
Twenty-one hogsheads ditto, ex *Perfect*
Ten ditto ditto, ex *Henin*
Nineteen ditto gin, ex *Hindu*
Eighteen ditto ditto, ex *Argyle*
Twenty five ditto ditto, ex *Acteon*
Thirty ditto brandy, ex *Lady Raffles*
Five ditto ditto, ex *Ariadne*
Four hundred and fifty half-cases gin, ex *Charlotte*

Terms at sale. 3729

TO COACH PROPRIETORS AND OTHERS.

CARRIAGES, &c., EX "DUKE OF MANCHESTER."

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, the corner of George street and Charlotte-place, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at eleven o'clock,

A LANDAU, built for a Nobleman at an enormous cost, equal to new, having been little used, and on its first wheels.
AN EXCELLENT CHARIOT, suitable either for a family of a City conveyance,
A STANHOPE, nearly new.

ALSO,

Three cases Saddlery, first-rate quality.
Three cases Seidlitz Powders.

Terms at sale, 3899

TO DEALERS AND OTHERS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart, the corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on SATURDAY, the 18th instant, at eleven o'clock,

Five firkins Irish butter
Fifty tins fresh salmon, 4 lbs. each
Six hogsheads porter
Three hogsheads Marsala wine
Ten tierces new pickled salmon
One certificate brandy
Eighteen bladders snuff.

Terms at sale. 3900

BRIGANTINE "AGENORIA."

MR. SAMUEL LYONS has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Mart, the corner of George-street and Charlotte-place, on SATURDAY, the 18th inst., at twelve o'clock precisely,

The fine first-class Brigantine *AGENORIA*, of Hobart Town, burthen per register 128 tons, new measure, and admeasuring 141 tons, old measure.

This vessel was built under particular inspection, in the year 1838, is well found, and may be sent to sea at a very trifling expense.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Mart of the Auctioneer, and on application to Captain John W. Hurst, on board the *Agenoria* now lying at Thom's Wharf, where she will remain for inspection until the day of sale.

Terms.—Fifteen per cent. deposit, for the residue endorsed bills, at three and six months, dated from day of sale. 3640

TWO DAYS' SALE.

EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS has received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Stores of Mr. Abraham Moses, in Bridge-street, on FRIDAY, the 17th, and on MONDAY, the 20th, instant. Sale to commence on each day at eleven o'clock precisely.

The following Merchandise, consisting of—

Two hundred whole and half pieces of linens
One case of Union
One bale of linen bed ticking of a superior quality
Two cases of cotton bed ticking
Twenty-five pieces of checks
Twenty five pieces of striped shirting
One hundred pieces of Corah silk handkerchiefs, of a superior quality
Thirty ditto of black bandanna handkerchiefs
One case shawls and dresses
Two cases of prints
Four cases of white hosiery
Twenty pieces of black stuffs
Ten pieces of black merino
One package of ladies' white veils
Twenty-four dozen diaper napkins
Twenty pieces navy blue prints
Twenty dozen gent's white shirts
One case of gloves
Twelve dozen gents' satin vests
One case of bobbins and sewing thread
One case of blue nankeen
Fifty pieces of white nankeen
One case of worsted table covers, of a superior quality
One case of gents' gingham neckerchiefs
Forty pieces of muslin
Forty dozen coloured fancy hose
Fifty dozen striped cotton shirts
Two trunks of gents' superfine clothing
One trunk of gents' pilot cloth coats
Fifty bolts of canvas
Forty bolts of Bengal canvas
Two bales of drabbed shepherd's coats
Two cases of cotton handkerchiefs
Four pieces of carpeting
One case of horse hair seating
Five cases of gents' black hats
One case caps
Nine bales wrapping paper
One case of foolscap writing paper
Twenty reams of post paper
One case of printing paper
One bale of Petersham
Six pieces of pilot cloth
Three pieces of dark mixture cassimere
Two cases of gents' assorted saddles
One case containing bridles, martingales, gig, carriage, and tandem reins
Currycombs
Twenty pairs of bolsters
Twenty bundles of chamois leathers
Fifty dozen looking glasses
Twelve rolls of oil-cloth table covering
One case of single-barrel fowling pieces, superior quality
Two first-rate rifles
One case of single and double barrel pistols, muskets, and carbines
Cutlery of all descriptions
Forty cases of pickles
Fifty barrels of flour
Two hundred gross of gambroon buttons
Twenty ditto of gilt buttons
German-silver tea and table spoons
Two cases of cross cut, pit, and frame saws
Twenty dozen handsaws
Four casks of carpenters' tools, comprising—planes, chisels, and sundry other tools
Three casks of coopers' tools
Vices and butt hinges
Brushes, mops, and brooms
Two tons of dry paints, of colours
Five hundred dozen superior sherry wine, gold, brown, and pale
Twenty cases of the best Marsden wine
Four casks of druggist and wine corks
Twenty cases of French cordials, out of bond
Twenty-five hogsheads of brandy in bond
Twenty superior dinner services
Five dessert services
Forty pairs of cut decanters
Ten sets of liqueurs in frames
One case of oil of peppermint, 44lbs
Tumblers, wine, and champagne glasses
One hundred dozen cups and saucers
Three hundred boxes of soap
And other goods, too numerous to mention.

☞ The Wines and Brandy will be put up on the first day, namely, Friday, the 17th instant, at one o'clock precisely.

Terms at sale. 3662

VALUABLE AND EXTENSIVE STOCK

Of Linen Drapery Hosiery, Gent.'s ready-made Clothing, Slops, China, India, and French Goods,

WINES, BRANDY, CIGARS, ETC.

ALSO, THE SHOP FIXTURES, GAS FITTINGS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, AND KITCHEN UTENSILS.

MR SAMUEL LYONS has received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises of Mr. H. O. Ayrene, 69, George-street, two doors south of the Royal Hotel, on TUESDAY, the 21st, and WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, sale to commence each day at Eleven o'clock precisely,

WITHOUT THE LEAST RESERVE,

The whole of the Stock-in trade, Household Furniture, &c., &c., the property of Mr. H. O. Ayrane, who is retiring from business, and leaving the Colony for Europe.

Catalogues containing full particulars are in preparation, and will be ready for delivery at the Mart of the Auctioneer previous to the sale.

Terms at sale, 3837

EXTENSIVE SALE OF WINTER GOODS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS is instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Stores of Messrs. Rowand, M'Nab, and Co., Harrington-street, on THURSDAY, the 23rd instant, at half-past ten o'clock precisely,

The following beautiful assortment of Winter Goods, now being landed, ex *Victoria*, *Stedman*, *Anna Robertson*, *Templar*, &c :—

One case coloured and black rich satinets
Two cases rich Chiné Chusan dresses
One case 6 4 fine figured Orleans cloth
Four cases rich Chiné mousseline de laine dresses
One ditto ditto ditto, in the piece
Seven ditto fine cambric prints, newest style
Four ditto ditto ditto ditto
One ditto ditto ditto ditto, dresses
Four ditto rich figured Parisian and Persian dresses and pieces
Two ditto beautifully assorted 6 4 fine merinos
One ditto ditto ditto 6 4 double Tweed ditto
One bale extra fine counterpanes and Marseilles quilts, from 8-4 to 12-4
Two bales stoved Welsh flannels, assorted
One bale black and indigo blue lastings
Five bales best heavy Witney blankets, assorted, from 8-4 to 12-4
Two cases black and coloured 6-4 merinos, assorted
One ditto 10 4 mull twist Union sheeting
Two ditto fine sprigged Cashmere shawls
One ditto ditto embroidered ditto ditto
One case new Arctic shawls in rich colours
Two bales medium white counterpanes
One case 4-4 black linen
Three ditto 3-4 brown Hollands
Two ditto 4-4 fine ditto ditto
Two ditto assorted best rough brown Holland
One bale red and blue bunting
One case carriage and livery fine drab cloth
One case six cord cable white thread, 300 yards, assorted
One ditto ditto ditto 100 yards, assorted
Two ditto Macintosh cloaks, coats, pea jackets, top coats, &c.
One ditto ditto hoods, caps, trousers, gun covers, caps, &c.
One bale sailors' striped worsted caps, assorted
One bale ditto scarlet and shaded cravats
Four cases rich embroidered Indiana and Merino shawls and handkerchiefs
Two bales 40 inch bleached plain sheetings
One ditto 40 and 44 ditto tweeled ditto
One ditto stout Bengal cords
One ditto blue Chambrays and dark stripes
Two ditto apron checks and stripes
One case blond laces and edgings, plain and fancy blond and bobbinet, Paris and quilled net, laces and edgings, silk gloves and mitts
One bale 44 and 56 inch bleached plain and tweeled sheeting
One ditto striped and ribbed Guernsey frocks
Two cases fine black stuff hats, yeoman shapes
Three cases superfine black stuff hats, fashionable shapes
Two ditto Scotch bonnets, assorted sizes
Two ditto assorted haberdashery, (got up for this Market)
One ditto superfine black cassimeres and doeskins
One case ditto black, blue, and coloured broad cloth
One case fine assorted striped cassimeres
Two bales blue broad cloth
One case superfine assorted coloured broad cloths
One ditto ditto Irish linen
One ditto large mufflers and five harness wool shawls
Two bales 8-4 Tartan wool shawls
One ditto Scotch blankets, assorted
One case gents' rich silk and satin stocks
One ditto worsted and woollen gloves and trousers straps
One ditto moleskin and beaverteens
One ditto cassimeres silk trillinets, and Persian velvets
Two ditto linen Britannias
One ditto rich checked cotton shawls
One ditto fine printed cotton handkerchiefs
One bale 8-4 worsted damasks, assorted
One bale assorted brown and white damask table cloths
Two trunks superfine dress coats, surtouts, dressing coats, trowsers, vests, stocks, and trowsers straps, &c
One trunk pilot and Petersham coats, cassimeres, trowsers, vests, gent's stocks, Indian rubber braces, and black silk handkerchiefs
One trunk boys' tunic dresses, consisting of Persian cloth, gambroon velvet, mousseline de laine, fancy challis, Tribazond silk, superfine cloths, cashmerettes, &c., lay-over collars, and leather belts
One trunk, consisting of ladies' dresses, and dressing gowns, long cloth day chemises, muslin nightcaps, and white stays
One truss sailors' linen canvass trowsers
One ditto ditto bleached ditto ditto
One ditto ditto linen duck ditto
Two trunks men's superior long-cloth shirts, with linen collars, fronts, wrists, &c.
One trunk boy's white shirts, with lay-over collars and linen fronts
Two ditto ladies' superior finished stays, cotton corded, white
One ditto boys' brown linen habits, champetres, surtouts, tunic and Albert dresses, trowsers, &c., &c.
Three bales three bushel bags
Two ditto woolsacks
One ditto cheese cloth
Two bales duck, assorted
Two cases whited brown thread.

The sale will commence at half-past ten o'clock precisely. Terms, which will be liberal, will be made known at time of Sale. 3756

FROM LIVERPOOL ABOUT FIVE MILES,

At the back of the late Thomas Moore's, Esq.

NEAR GEORGE'S RIVER,

FARM NO. 2—ONE HUNDRED ACRES.

As per reduced sketch at Mart.

MR. STUBBS is directed by the proprietor to put the above valuable Farm up to public sale at the Mart, King-street, on MONDAY, the 20th day of March, 1843, at twelve o'clock.

The description handed of this farm is of a character that warrants a strong recommendation, and claims the closest attention from any person wishing to buy a property near a principal town, with advantages seldom to be met with.

There is a gully running up to it from the river, which is distant about three-quarters of a mile. Twenty acres are cleared. There is a slab house, with three apartments, and an immense space or run of Government Land is round it. The soil is strong and loamy, suited to either wheat or corn. The timber is remarkably fine, either for splitting, sawing, or building purposes generally. The river water is abundant and excellent. The market handy, and coaches convenient.

Grant from the Crown—barleycorn rent for ever.

Terms at Sale.

P.S. If wished by private contract, apply at the Mart. 3756

PRELIMINARY NOTICE OF THE SALE

OF THE VILLAGE OF WICKHAM.

MR. STUBBS announces to the Inhabitants

OF NEWCASTLE,

Instructions received from Captain Furlong, to bring to public sale, at an early opportunity, (due notice of which will be given in the newspapers),

THE VILLAGE OF WICKHAM,

Situate within a mile of the

TOWN OF NEWCASTLE.

Terms, &c., will be subsequently made known. 3291

IMPORTANT SALE.

MR. STUBBS has received instructions from Messrs. Bray and M'Robert's, Trustees to the Estate of the late Mr. Alexander Rhin, to submit to public competition, on an early day, several valuable Dwelling Houses and Premises, in the most eligible part of Sydney viz.:—

1. A two storied House and Ground, corner of Castlereagh and Hunter-streets
2. A two storied House, nearly opposite St. Philip's Church.
3. A two-storied House in Cumberland-street
4. Ditto ditto ditto
5. House in Kent-street
6. Building Ground in Harrington-street

P.S.—Conditions and terms, with specified particulars as to the amount of rents, and description of property, will appear in a future advertisement. 7435

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